To shareholders with voting rights

3-1, Sakae 2-chome, Naka-ku, Nagoya 13F Nagoya Hirokoji Building

DAIDO METAL CO., LTD.

Chairman and CEO Seigo Hanji

Notice of Convocation of the 107th Annual Shareholders' Meeting

Dear shareholders,

You are cordially invited to the 107th Annual Shareholders' Meeting to be held as set forth below. Your attendance to the meeting will be greatly appreciated.

If you are unable to attend the meeting on the day, you may exercise your voting rights by documents. Therefore, please kindly review the reference materials for the Annual Shareholders' Meeting that follow this notice, and complete the enclosed Voting Card, indicating your approval or disapproval, and send the Card by return mail so that it will reach us no later than 5 p.m. of June 25, 2015 (Thursday).

Yours sincerely,

Note

1. Date and time

10 a.m. of June 26, 2015 (Friday)

2. Venue

4-2, Marunouchi 2-chome, Naka-ku, Nagoya 5th Floor Grand Hall of Nagoya Bankers Association (Please see "Information Map of Venues of Shareholders' Meeting in the last page)

3. Purpose Reporting matters

- Reporting of the 107th (from April 1, 2014 to March 31, 2015) business report, consolidated financial statements and results of audit of consolidated financial statements by the accounting auditors and Audit & Supervisory Board
- 2. Reporting of non-consolidated financial statements for the 107th (from April 1, 2014 to March 31, 2015) fiscal year

Matters for resolution

Agenda No. 1	l Dis	position	of Su	ırplus

Agenda No. 2 Partial Amendments to the Articles of Incorporation

Agenda No. 3 Election of Six Directors

Agenda No. 4 Election of Three Audit & Supervisory Board Members

Agenda No. 5 Election of One Substitute Audit & Supervisory Board Member

Agenda No. 6 Payment of Bonuses to Directors

End of document

• When attending the meeting on the day, please kindly submit the enclosed Voting Card to the receptionist.

- The reception is scheduled to open at 9 a.m. on the day.
- If there are any revisions to the attached documents and Reference Materials for Annual Shareholders' Meeting, they will be posted online on the Company's website (http://www.daidometal.com/).

In the event the shareholder intends to exercise voting right by proxy, he/she can entrust his/her right to a single shareholder who has voting rights of the Company. In this case, please submit a document to prove the authority of proxy.

(Attachment)

Business Report

From: April 1, 2014 To: March 31, 2015

1. Matters Relating to Current Situation of Corporate Group

(1) Progress of Business and Operating Performance

Regarding the world economy during the current consolidated fiscal year, the US economy continued its gradual recovery, due to strong employment and personal spending, while European economy was at standstill, led by factors including prolonged geopolitical risks and unstable condition in Greek, despite the sign of recovery such as improved employment condition. In China, while some level of growth was maintained, the signs of slowing economy prevailed due to factors including the sluggish housing market. Economic growth in resource-rich countries and emerging countries also showed signs of slowing down, mainly led by the effects of decreased prices of mineral resources. Overall, the world economy remained unstable.

The domestic economy, led by yen depreciation trends resulting from the economic and financial policies by the government and the Bank of Japan, saw improved corporate business results mainly in export-related companies. However, the economy remained mixed as a recovery in personal spending continued to be at standstill due to the prolonged effects of the increase of the consumption tax rate.

In the automotive business, the Group's core business, the new car sales for 2014 were 87.20 million units worldwide (a year-on-year increase of 3.5%), recording the highest for five consecutive years. This is because the US market continued to be buoyant, and demand in China, despite the decreased growth rate of car sales, contributed to the new car sales worldwide.

However, the domestic automotive production volume for the fiscal year 2014 decreased by 3.2% compared with the previous fiscal year to 9.59 million units, not exceeding the previous fiscal year for the first time in five years. This resulted from a reactional decrease against the last-minute demand before the increase of the consumption tax rate and a decrease in exports. On the other hand, the overseas automotive production volume increased to 17.47 million units (a year-on-year increase of 4.3%), recording the highest for five consecutive years, due to boosted overseas automotive production by the domestic auto manufacturers.

In the non-automotive segment, for the shipbuilding industry, while the intake of worldwide orders for shipbuilding was on a slowing trend in the second half despite its strong trend in the first half, the Japanese shipbuilders were on a mild recovery trend throughout the year, backed by the recovery in their price competitiveness due to the effect of yen depreciation and increased demand for high value added ships such as Eco-friendly ships. For the construction machine industry, the amount of domestic shipment decreased by 1.5% compared with the previous fiscal year as public related operations, including the earthquake restoration work and infrastructure development, calmed down. However, exports increased by 9.0% compared with the previous fiscal year, resulting in a year-on-year increase of 4.5% in the total amount of shipment. In the overseas markets, demand for general construction machines remained strong in North American and European markets. However, the industry-wide demand environment stopped short of a full recovery as investment in real estate development slowed down in China and demand for mining-machines in resource-rich countries remained sluggish.

In the general industries machines area, demand for electric power generation facilities mainly for overseas remained strong in electric power/energy related business.

Under this business environment, during the current consolidated fiscal year, Group net sales increased in all segments and regions due to factors including business expansion in Europe and North America and the growing number of orders received at bases in Asian region, mainly in China, in the automotive-related segments, as well as our efforts to increase the intake of orders in Japan and overseas under difficult market conditions and the effect of yen depreciation in the non-automotive segment.

As a result, consolidated net sales of the Group were 85,015 million yen, the highest ever recorded, an increase of 7,665 million yen (up 9.9%) compared with the previous consolidated fiscal year.

With respect to profits, operating income was 7,633 million yen, an increase of 265 million yen (up 3.6%) compared with the previous consolidated fiscal year, due to the effects of increased income and efforts in cost reduction activities to increase profits, despite an upfront expenditures for the start of production at Daido Metal Mexico, S.A. de C.V. Ordinary income was 8,129 million yen, an increase of 66 million yen (up 0.8%) compared with the previous consolidated fiscal year, due to factors including a decrease in interest expense (a year-on-year decrease of 170 million yen), despite a year-on-year decrease of 510 million yen in foreign exchange gains. Consolidated net income was 4,459 million yen, a decrease of 275 million yen (down 5.8%) compared with the previous consolidated fiscal year, due to the recording in the previous fiscal year of extraordinary gains of 896 million yen attributable mainly to capital gains on sale of the land of the former Tokyo Factory.

Sales to external customers by segment are as follows.

Due to the reorganization as of July 1, 2013, the metallic dry bearings business, which was previously categorized under "Non-automotive bearings," is now categorized under "Others." Below are results calculated by classification after the change.

1) Automotive engine bearings

Net sales outperformed those of the previous year backed by increased sales in overseas markets in Europe, North America and Asian region (mainly in China, Thailand and Korea), in addition to the effect of yen depreciation.

As a result, net sales were 55,265 million yen, an increase of 5,244 million yen (up 10.5%) compared with the previous consolidated fiscal year.

2) Automotive non-engine bearings

With regard to bearings for automotive parts, net sales outperformed those of the previous year due to the increased intake of orders resulting from the effects of sales expansion activities mainly in Japan and Europe.

As a result, net sales were 16,362 million yen, an increase of 1,370 million yen (up 9.1%) compared with the previous consolidated fiscal year.

3) Non-automotive bearings

Net sales outperformed those of the previous year due to the efforts to receive orders in Japan and overseas amid the harsh environment in the shipbuilding and construction machine industries, and firm sales of the special type of bearings for general industries.

As a result, net sales were 12,546 million yen, an increase of 890 million yen (up 7.6%) compared with the previous consolidated fiscal year.

4) Others

Net sales of others including the real estate leasing and metallic dry bearings businesses were 840 million yen, an increase of 159 million yen (up 23.5%) compared with the previous consolidated fiscal year.

(Sales by segment)

	N	et sales (Millions of yen)
Segment	FY 2013 106 th term	FY 2014 107 th term (The current consolidated fiscal year)
Automotive engine bearings	50,021	55,265
Automotive non-engine bearings	14,992	16,362
Non-automotive bearings	11,655	12,546
Others	680	840
Total	77,350	85,015

(Note) Sales represent the amount to external customers.

(2) Status of Financing, etc.

1) Financing

During the current consolidated fiscal year, there was no significant operation of financing in both borrowings from financial institutions and issuing stocks or debentures.

2) Capital investment

The Group seized the world's top shares in the plain bearings (the total of bearings for all use) and in the automotive engine bearings, following the bearings for low-speed diesel engines for large ships, in which the Group had already seized the world's top share (the estimate by the Company), as a result of our continued aggressive sales activities to expand overseas markets mainly in Europe. The Group will strive to reinforce our production facilities based on the priorities of regions and business segments as the effects of such sales expansion have brought about urgent needs for the expansion of production capabilities in the near future.

Accordingly, total capital investments for the year were substantially at the same level as the previous year, reaching 10,597 million yen, a decrease of 241 million yen compared with the previous year.

(Main capital investment during the current consolidated fiscal year)

- Investment for enhancing production capabilities for automotive engine bearings in the overseas production sites in Mexico, Russia, Thailand, China and others.
- Investment for enhancing production capabilities for automotive and non-automotive bearings in Japan and investment for enhancing production capabilities for bimetal (material for bearings).
- Investment in relation to information systems, etc.

(3) Movement of Financial Conditions and Operating Results
1) Financial conditions and operating results of the Corporate Group

Fiscal year Category	FY 2011 104 th term	FY 2012 105 th term	FY 2013 106 th term	FY 2014 107 th term (Current consolidated fiscal year)
Net sales (Millions of yen)	70,326	70,886	77,350	85,015
Operating income (Millions of yen)	9,523	6,286	7,368	7,633
Ordinary income (Millions of yen)	8,947	6,935	8,063	8,129
Net income (Millions of yen)	5,435	4,385	4,735	4,459
Net income per share (Yen)	136.44	110.10	118.89	112.00
Net assets (Millions of yen)	34,163	40,062	46,733	53,093
Total assets (Millions of yen)	88,402	92,314	104,099	116,533

2) Financial conditions and operating results of the Company

Fiscal year Category	FY 2011 104 th term	FY 2012 105 th term	FY 2013 106 th term	FY 2014 107 th term (Current consolidated fiscal year)
Net sales (Millions of yen)	61,673	57,454	58,978	67,269
Operating income (Millions of yen)	6,235	3,778	3,994	5,296
Ordinary income (Millions of yen)	6,100	4,067	4,611	6,220
Net income (Millions of yen)	3,688	2,740	3,387	4,000
Net income per share (Yen)	92.59	68.79	85.04	100.46
Net assets (Millions of yen)	30,659	32,995	36,039	39,301
Total assets (Millions of yen)	69,009	68,210	69,245	77,042

(4) Issues to be Addressed

Implement "Medium-Term Business Plan"

The Medium-Term Business Plan, "Together to The Top," which is implemented from the term of FY2012 to FY2017, defined the major themes of (1) maintaining the position holding the world top share (our estimate) in plain bearings as the sole comprehensive manufacturer of plain bearings in the world, (2) further expanding the share of automotive engine bearings, which are the core products of plain bearings, while keeping the world top share (our estimate), (3) gaining the world top share in bearings in each non-automotive segment of ships excluding large ships that already have gained the world top share, construction machines, and rotary machines, (4) structuring and expanding Global Strategy of Five-Hub System (Global corporate structure through independent operational hubs in 5 geographical regions (Japan, Asia, China, Europe and Americas)) for responding to sales expansion both domestic and overseas, (5) strengthening of research and development activities for sustainable technical advantages to respond to geographical characteristics as a company built on technologies, and (6) establishment of solid financial bases.

The Group plans to especially enhance production capabilities on a global basis for sales expansion in order to expand and restructure its business base at the first stage (from FY2012 to FY2014), and achieve the Group's challenge targets of "consolidated net sales of 111 billion yen, operating income of 16.7 billion yen, and an operating margin of 15% or more" and aim to realize "gaining the world top share in all the industry segments of plain bearings" in the final year of the second stage (from FY2015 to FY2017).

The Group has also been expanding and reconstructing the business base during the first stage; Dyna Metal Co., Ltd. (Thailand) completed its third factory and Daido Precision Metal (Suzhou) Co., Ltd. completed its second factory in 2012. In 2013, the second factory at Daido Metal Czech s.r.o., the second factory at PT. Daido Metal Indonesia and the new factory at Daido Metal Mexico S.A. de C.V., the newly established business base, were completed. Dongsung Metal Co., Ltd. (Korea) has been steadily advancing the plan to reinforce its production capabilities by increasing machining facilities to respond to demand mainly from local automobile manufactures. Daido Metal Russia LLC has been promoting full-scale production for foreign automobile manufacturers and providing for production focusing on the truck market. The Group will further fortify Global Strategy of Five-Hub System in five geographical regions (Japan, Americas, Europe, Asia and China) through further development and expansion of its business base.

In the Group's efforts in expanding sales, the Group will strive to achieve targets by strengthening sales structure, enhancing technical services to our customers, accurately identifying and responding to region-specific needs, and ensuring the Group's support system which adopts the changes in market environment. Specifically, the Group implemented measures such as establishing Daido Metal Mexico Sales, S.A. de C.V. to strengthen the sales structure in Mexico, setting up Guangzhou Branch of Daido Precision Metal (Suzhou) Co., Ltd. to enhance sales activities in China and setting up European Technical Center in Czech for technical support services, to enhance the Group-wide organizational structure.

Along with the expansion of sales, the Group has advanced efforts to improve productivity by promoting activities to improve earnings for further profit generation and by especially expanding the introduction in Japan and overseas of the machining line using new method and the compact machining line for automobile engine bearings.

The primary goals in the second stage (from FY2015 to FY2017) of Medium-Term Business Plan include achieving the Group's challenge targets of "consolidated net sales of 111 billion yen, operating income of 16.7 billion yen, and an operating margin of 15% or more" and realizing "gaining the world top share in all the industry segments of plain bearings." Specifically, the Group will strive to steadily achieve our targets in line with the plan, by bringing the businesses in Mexico into profit, starting up the automotive engine bearing business at BBL DAIDO PRIVATE LTD. (India), working on the truck bearing business and the bearing business for foreign automobile manufacturers at Daido Metal Russia LLC, and starting production at DAIDO METAL SAGA CO., LTD. established in April 2015 to increase production capabilities for bimetal, a material for bearings.

As the business environment surrounding the Group is drastically changing, the Group will focus on the development of new products and new markets by responding to the market trends and needs of each region in the world in a swift and appropriate manner, while further streamlining production and improving customer services. Moreover, in addition to fully enforcing the compliance and strengthening the corporate governance structure, with initiatives to enhance the internal system in line with the corporate governance code formulated by Financial Services Agency and Tokyo Stock Exchange, Inc. in March 2015, the Group will strive to improve our corporate value through the Group-wide efforts in order to gain trust from and appeal to our stakeholders, including our customers and shareholders.

* The matters discussed here concerning the future events are based on certain assumptions determined by the Group at the end of the current consolidated fiscal year. Such descriptions may differ from the actual results and the achievement of such descriptions is not guaranteed in any way.

(5) Major Business Lines

Major business divisions	Content of business
Automotive engine bearings	Bearings for automobile engines (passenger cars, trucks and racing cars), bearings for two-wheeled vehicle engines, bearings for engine auxiliary machines (turbochargers and balancer mechanisms), etc.
Automotive non- engine bearings	Bearings for other automotive parts (transmissions, shock absorbers, compressors for air conditioning, steering wheels, injection pumps, etc.).
Non-automotive bearings	Bearings for low speed (two-cycle) diesel engines, bearings for medium speed (four-cycle) diesel engines, bearings for power generation (water wheels, turbines, etc.), bearings for general industries use (compressors, speed-increasing and speed-reducing gears, etc.), rotary pumps, centralized lubrication systems (for machining tools), electrode sheets for electric capacitors, etc.
Others	Metallic dry bearings business, real estate leasing, etc.

(6) Major Bases of the Corporate Group and Status of Employees

1) Major bases of the corporate group

a. The Company

Headquarters	Nagoya HQ (Naka-ku, Nagoya), Tokyo HQ (Shinagawa-ku, Tokyo)
Domestic sales bases	Tokyo Branch (Shinagawa-ku, Tokyo), Nagoya Branch (Inuyama- shi, Aichi), Osaka Branch (Yodogawa-ku, Osaka), Hamamatsu Branch (Naka-ku, Hamamatsu-shi), Hiroshima Branch (Minami- ku, Hiroshima-shi), Kyushu Branch (Nagasaki-shi, Nagasaki) *
Domestic production bases	Inuyama Site (Bimetal Division, Inuyama Plant, Maehara Plant, TMBS (Turbomachinery Bearing Systems) Plant, Others) (Inuyama-shi, Aichi), Gifu Plant (Gujyo-shi, Gifu)

^{*} Kitakanto Branch (Kumagaya-shi, Saitama) was set up as of April 1, 2015.

b. Subsidiaries

Domestic sales bases	Daido Metal Sales Co., Ltd. (Inuyama-shi, Aichi), NDC Sales Co., Ltd. (Narashino-shi, Chiba)
Overseas sales bases	Daido Metal U.S.A. Inc. (U.S.A.), Daido Metal Mexico Sales, S.A. de C.V., Chung Yuan Daido Co., Ltd. (Taiwan), Daido Metal Germany GmbH (Germany), Daido Metal Europe Ltd. (England)
Domestic production bases	NDC Co., Ltd. Narashino Plant (Narashino-shi, Chiba), NDC Co., Ltd. Kozaki Plant (Katori-gun, Chiba), Daido Plain Bearings Co., Ltd. (Seki-shi, Gifu), Daido Industrial Bearings Japan Co., Ltd. (Inuyama-shi, Aichi) *
Overseas production bases	Dyna Metal Co., Ltd. (Thailand), Dongsung Metal Co., Ltd. (Korea), PT. Daido Metal Indonesia (Indonesia), Daido Precision Metal (Suzhou) Co., Ltd. (China), Daido Metal Mexico S.A. de C.V. (Mexico), Daido Industrial Bearings Europe Ltd. (England), Daido Metal Kotor AD (Montenegro), Daido Metal Czech s.r.o. (Czech), Daido Metal Russia LLC (Russia), Korea Dry Bearing Co., Ltd. (Korea), BBL Daido Private Ltd. (India)
Other domestic bases	Daido Logitech Co., Ltd. (Inuyama-shi, Aichi), Asia Kelmet Co., Ltd. (Ohta-ku, Tokyo)

^{*} DAIDO METAL SAGA CO., LTD. (Takeo-shi, Saga) was established as of April 10, 2015.

2) Status of employees

a. Employees of the Corporate Group

Number of emplo	yees (persons)	Change from end of pr	ior period (persons)
Domestic	2,035	Increase	112
Overseas	2,286	Increase	151
Total	4,321	Increase	263

 In addition to the above, temporary employees (total of 589 persons) are under employment. Number of temporary employees represents annual average number of employees (converted by 8 hours a day).
 Temporary employees include part-timers and employees under non-regular engagement contract but exclude dispatched employees. (Notes) 1.

b. Employees of the Company

Number of employees (persons)	Change from end of prior period (persons)	Average age (years of age)	Average number of service years (years)
1,185	Increase 55	37.2	14.2

(Notes) 1. In addition to the above, temporary employees (total of 258 persons) are under employment. Number of temporary employees represents annual average number of employees (converted by 8 hours a day).
 Temporary employees include part-timers and employees under non-regular engagement contract but exclude dispatched employees

(7) Status of Important Parent Company and Subsidiaries

1) Status of parent company
There are no applicable items.

2) Status of important subsidiaries

Name	Capital stock or investments in capital	Percentage of holding of voting rights	Content of major businesses	Remarks
(Consolidated subsidiaries)	•			
Daido Logitech Co., Ltd.	45 million yen	100.0%	Logistics business and insurance agent business	
Daido Metal Sales Co., Ltd.	100 million yen	100.0%	Sale of bearings	
Daido Plain Bearings Co., Ltd.	300 million yen	100.0%	Manufacture of bearings	
NDC Co., Ltd.	1,575 million yen	39.8%	Manufacture of bearings, etc.	Note 1
NDC Sales Co., Ltd.	90 million yen	100.0% (100.0%)	Sale of bearings/Calme, and insurance agent business	Note 2
Daido Industrial Bearings Japan Co., Ltd.	80 million yen	100.0%	Manufacture of bearings	
Asia Kelmet Co., Ltd.	55 million yen	100.0%	Rental of real estate	
Chung Yuan Daido Co., Ltd.	120 million new Taiwan yuan	50.0%	Sale of bearings	Note 1
Dongsung Metal Co., Ltd.	6,120 million Korean won	50.0%	Manufacture and sale of bearings	Note 1
Dyna Metal Co., Ltd.	200 million Thai baht	50.0%	Manufacture and sale of bearings	Note 1
PT. Daido Metal Indonesia	13,748 million Indonesian rupiah	50.0%	Manufacture and sale of bearings	Note 1
Daido Precision Metal (Suzhou) Co., Ltd.	115,714 thousand Chinese yuan	90.2% (16.2%)	Manufacture and sale of bearings	Note 2
Daido Metal U.S.A. Inc.	20,900 thousand US dollar	100.0%	Manufacture and sale of bearings	
Daido Metal Mexico S.A. de C.V.	283,328 thousand Mexico peso	100.0% (0.0%)	Manufacture of bearings	Note 2
Daido Industrial Bearings Europe Ltd.	13,500 thousand sterling pound	100.0%	Manufacture of bearings	
Daido Metal Kotor AD	26,535 thousand euro	99.6%	Manufacture and sale of bearings	
Daido Metal Germany GmbH	500 thousand euro	100.0%	Sale of bearings	

Name	Capital stock or investments in capital	Percentage of holding of voting rights	Content of major businesses	Remarks
Daido Metal Czech s.r.o.	50 million Czech koruna	100.0%	Manufacture and sale of bearings	
Daido Metal Europe Ltd.	3,613 thousand sterling pound	100.0%	Sale of bearings	
Daido Metal Russia LLC	330 million Russian ruble	99.8%	Manufacture and sale of bearings	
Daido Metal Mexico Sales, S.A. de C.V.	2,644 thousand Mexico peso	100.0% (0.0%)	Sale of bearings	Note 2
(Unconsolidated subsidiaries to which equity method is applied)				
Korea Dry Bearing Co., Ltd.	3,100 million Korean won	50.0% (50.0%)	Manufacture and sale of bearings	Notes 1 and 2
(Affiliated companies to which equity method is applied)				
BBL Daido Private Ltd.	124 million Indian rupee	50.0%	Manufacture and sale of bearings	

⁽Note) 1. Although the percentage of holding of voting rights is not more than 50%, the company is included in subsidiary because it is substantially controlled by the Company.

(8) Major Lenders and Amount of Borrowing

Lender	Outstanding Balance (Millions of yen)
Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	7,450
The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd.	4,918
Japan Bank for International Corporation	3,408
Development Bank of Japan Inc.	2,770
Citibank Japan Ltd.	2,051

^{2.} Figure in () of percentage of holding of voting rights represents the percentage of indirect holding of voting rights.

(9) Policies for Determination of Dividend, etc. of Surplus

The Company's basic policy is to return appropriate profits to our shareholders in consideration of the results of operations and payout ratio, and to maintain a stable and long-lasting level of dividend of surplus in overall consideration of the internal reserve funds for future business development, expansion of research and development, reinforcement of business base and changes of business environment.

The Company is of a basic policy to make a dividend of surplus twice a year, i.e. interim dividend and year-end dividend. The decision-making bodies for these dividends of surplus are the Shareholders' Meeting for the year-end dividend and the Board of Directors for the interim dividend in accordance with the provisions of the Company's Articles of Incorporation.

In comprehensive consideration of all the factors including the consolidated performance for the full year based on the basic policy, the year-end dividend would be 10 yen per share for the current fiscal year.

As a result, the annual dividend, including the interim dividend of 10 yen per share (actual), would be 20 yen per share.

For the next fiscal year, the Company plans an annual 26 yen per share (the interim dividend of 13 yen per share and year-end dividend of 13 yen per share), an increase of 6 yen compared with the current fiscal year.

(10) Other Significant Matters Relating to Current Situation of the Corporate Group

There are no applicable items.

2. Matters Relating to Shares of the Company

(1) Number of authorized shares 80,000,000 shares

(2) Total number of issued shares 44,956,853 shares (including treasury stocks of

5,139,512 shares)

(3) Number of shareholders at end

of the current fiscal year

3,468 shareholders

(4) Major shareholders (top 10)

Name of shareholder		Ratio of shareholding	
Traine of Shareholder	(1,000 shares)	(%)	
Japan Trustee Services Bank, Ltd. (Trust Account)	2,046	5.13	
Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited	1,978	4.96	
Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	1,977	4.96	
The Master Trust Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust Account)	1,928	4.84	
The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd.	1,822	4.57	
Tokio Marine & Nichido Fire Insurance Co., Ltd.	1,661	4.17	
CBNY-GOVERNMENT OF NORWAY	1,653	4.15	
Daido Metal Yueikai Employee Stock-Ownership Plan	1,183	2.97	
The Seri Wathana Industry Co, Ltd. 703000	1,000	2.51	
Nisshin Steel Co., Ltd.	909	2.28	

(Notes) 1. The Company holds treasury stocks of 5,139,512 shares, but is excluded from the above major shareholders.

(5) Change in the number of shares constituting one unit

With the aim of improving the liquidity of the Company's shares and expanding its shareholder base, along with consideration of the intent of the "Action Plan for Uniting Trading Units of Stocks" announced by Japanese Stock Exchanges, the Company, by resolution at the Board of Directors meeting held on November 13, 2014, amended the Articles of Incorporation and changed the number of shares constituting one unit from 1,000 shares to 100 shares as of January 1, 2015 based on the provisions of Article 195, paragraph 1 of the Companies Act.

3. Matters Relating to New Share Subscription Rights, Etc.

There are no applicable items.

^{2.} Ratio of shareholding is calculated by deducting the treasury stocks (5,139,512 shares).

4. Matters Relating to Company Officers

(1) Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members

(As of March 31, 2015)

Position	Name	Duties/departments in charge and important positions at other companies
Chairman & Chief Executive Officer (CEO)	Seigo Hanji	HQ Executive/Vice Chairman of Japan Auto Parts Industries Association and Branch Manager of Chubu Branch of the same Association Outside Director of Nichirei Corporation
President & Chief Operating Officer (COO)	Kotaro Kashiyama	In charge of Bi-metal Division, Quality Management & Planning Department and Audit Department
Managing Director and Senior Executive Officer	Toshiyuki Sasaki	Head of Corporate/Financial Planning Division In charge of General Affairs Department
Director and Senior Executive Officer	Yasuo Kawamura	Head of Polymer Bearings Division
Director and Senior Executive Officer	Masaki Ikawa	Head of Human Resources Planning Department and Head of Daido Metal College In charge of Purchasing Department
Full-time Audit & Supervisory Board Member	Masaaki Tamaya	_
Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member	Kuniko Tanabe	Partner, Lawyer of Tanabe & Partners Outside Auditor of Disco Corporation
Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member	Kazuo Matsuda	Special Advisor of NSK Ltd. Corporate Auditor of NSK-Warner K.K.

(Notes) 1.Ms. Kuniko Tanabe and Mr. Kazuo Matsuda are Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members.

- Ms. Kuniko Tanabe is also an "Independent Officer" pursuant to the provisions of Tokyo Stock Exchange, Inc. and Nagoya Stock Exchange, Inc. 2. Ms. Kuniko Tanabe, Audit & Supervisory Board Member, is qualified as a lawyer, and therefore has considerable knowledge on legal affairs.
- 3. Mr. Kazuo Matsuda, Audit & Supervisory Board Member, has experiences of working as Director and Audit & Supervisory Board Member in financial institutions and business entities, and therefore has considerable knowledge on finance and accounting matters.

4. Changes in departments in charge of Directors during the current fiscal year

Date	Name	New departments in charge	Previous departments in charge
April 1, 2014	Kotaro Kashiyama	In charge of Bi-metal Division, Quality Management & Planning Department and Audit Department	In charge of Bi-metal Division, Quality Management & Planning Department, Audit Department and Internal Control Department
April 1, 2014	Masaki Ikawa	Head of Human Resources Planning Department and Head of Daido Metal College In charge of Purchasing Department	Head of Human Resources Planning Department, Head of Daido Metal College and Head of Inuyama Site In charge of Environmental & Safety Management Department and Purchasing Department

5. Changes in duties and departments in charge of Directors after April 1, 2015

Date	Name	New duties and departments in charge	Previous duties and departments in charge
April 1, 2015	Kotaro Kashiyama	In charge of Bi-metal Division, Quality Management & Planning Department, Audit Department, Production Engineering Division and Polymer Bearings Division	In charge of Bi-metal Division, Quality Management & Planning Department and Audit Department
April 1, 2015	Yasuo Kawamura	Head of Thinwall Bearings & Turbo Charging Bearings Division	Head of Polymer Bearings Division
April 10, 2015	Toshiyuki Sasaki	Head of Corporate/Financial Planning Division and President of DAIDO METAL SAGA CO., LTD. (part-time) In charge of General Affairs Department	Head of Corporate/Financial Planning Division In charge of General Affairs Department

6. Changes in important positions at other companies of Audit & Supervisory Board Members during the current fiscal year

Date	Name	New important positions at other companies	Previous important positions at other companies
June 30, 2014	Kazuo Matsuda	Special Advisor of NSK Ltd. Corporate Auditor of NSK-Warner K.K.	Special Advisor of NSK Ltd. Corporate Auditor of NSK-Warner K.K. President of NSK (China) Investment Co., Ltd.

7. Changes in important positions at other companies of Audit & Supervisory Board Members after April 1, 2015 (including scheduled positions)

Date	Name	New important positions at other companies	Previous important positions at other companies
June 17, 2015 June 23, 2015	Kuniko Tanabe	Partner, Lawyer of Tanabe & Partners Outside Director of KDDI CORPORATION	Partner, Lawyer of Tanabe & Partners Outside Auditor of Disco Corporation
June 25, 2015	Kazuo Matsuda	Special Advisor of NSK Ltd. Corporate Auditor of NSK-Warner K.K. Outside Corporate Auditor of Sumitomo Bakelite Company Limited	Special Advisor of NSK Ltd. Corporate Auditor of NSK-Warner K.K.

(2) Total Amount of Remunerations to Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members

Category	Number	Remunerations	Bonus to officers	Total amount of remunerations
Directors	5	194 million yen	147 million yen	341 million yen
Audit & Supervisory Board Members (Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members)	3 (2)	36 million yen (21)	– million yen (–)	36 million yen (21)

(Notes) 1. Employee-portion salaries for employee-directors are not included in the above amount.

- "Bonus to officers" is an estimated amount to be paid, if the proposed agenda No. 6 is approved at the 107th Annual Shareholders' Meeting to be held on June 26, 2015.
- 3. The limit of remunerations to Directors (excluding employee-portion salaries for employee-directors) as per the resolution of the 98th Annual Shareholders' Meeting held on June 29, 2006 is 400 million yen per annum.
- 4. The limit of remunerations to Audit & Supervisory Board Members as per the resolution of the 98th Annual Shareholders' Meeting held on June 29, 2006 is 45 million yen per annum.

[Guidelines and Decision-Making Methodology for Calculating the Remuneration Amount for Directors]

Directors' remuneration

Pursuant to the regulations for Directors' remuneration provided by the Board of Directors, the basic policy of Directors' remuneration is to obtain and retain human resources suitable for a Director of the Group, to work effectively as an incentive for raising motivation of contributing to enhance business performance and corporate value as well as morale, and the level of remuneration shall correspond to role, responsibility and business performance of each

For the purpose of ensuring objectivity and transparency, the Company established an Advisory Board ("Board") consisting of in-house and external members in order to deliberate and determine the actual remuneration amounts for each Director.

Specific structure and decision-making methodology are as follows:

- The system of Directors' remuneration consists of "monthly remuneration" and "bonuses." In the case of remuneration for an Outside Director, if elected, for ensuring independence and neutrality, "monthly remuneration" consists of only a "fixed component.
- "Monthly remuneration"
 - "Monthly remuneration" consists of a "fixed component" corresponding to role and responsibility associated with execution of Director's operations and a "consolidated performance component" which are determined after taking into account the Group's consolidated performance in the previous year and the performance of individual divisions that the Director is responsible for overseeing.
- Individual payment of monthly remuneration will be determined by the Board of Directors based on the predetermined ratio of payment according to position of each Director, consolidated sales and net income considering the final plan of the Board. (iii) "Bonus"
- - Total payment of bonuses to be deliberated in the meeting of shareholders is set certain ceiling corresponding to dividend to shareholders and considering the final plan of the Board, it is determined by the Board of Directors.
 - Individual payment amount will be determined by the Board of Directors based on the predetermined ratio of payment according to position of each Director, consolidated sales and net income considering the final plan of the Board.

(b) Audit & Supervisory Board Members' remuneration

For ensuring independence and neutrality, Audit & Supervisory Board Members' remuneration shall consist of only a "basic remuneration" as a fixed component. Payment amount to each Audit & Supervisory Board Member shall be determined by the discussion of the Audit & Supervisory Board.

(3) Status of Movement of Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members

1) Matters relating to concurrent holding of positions of operating officer of other corporations and outside officers, etc.

Name	Material concurrent holding	Relation between the Company and such		
	of positions	other corporations		
Kuniko	Partner, Lawyer of Tanabe	Although the Company has concluded a		
Tanabe	& Partners consultant agreement with Tanab			
(Outside Audit		Partners and pays consultant fee annually,		
& Supervisory		such consultant fee is relatively small		
Board		compared with the scale of Tanabe &		
Member)		Partners. Ms. Tanabe is not included in the		
		list of lawyers who provide consultation		
	services to the Comp			
		in the Company's requests.		
Outside Auditor of Disco The Com		The Company has no transaction with		
	Corporation	Disco Corporation.		
Kazuo	Special Advisor of NSK	The Company has no particular relation		
Matsuda	Ltd.	with NSK Ltd., which is required to be		
(Outside Audit		disclosed.		
`	Corporate Auditor of NSK-	The Company sells its products to NSK-		
& Supervisory	Warner K.K.	Warner K.K. but such sales are accounted		
Board for 0.7% to the Co		for 0.7% to the Company's consolidated		
Member)		sales.		

⁽Note) Mr. Kazuo Matsuda worked at Mizuho Bank, Ltd., the Company's business partner as well as main shareholder; however, more than ten years has passed since he resigned from the Bank in May 2003. The Company borrows from and deposits to Mizuho Bank, Ltd.

2) Main activities of Outside Officers of other companies

Position	Name	Main activities
Audit & Supervisory Board Members	Kuniko Tanabe	Attended all 15 meetings of the Board of Directors and attended all 15 meetings of the Audit & Supervisory Board held during FY2014. Making remarks from the viewpoint of a professional well-versed in corporate legal affairs based on her rich experience as a lawyer.
Audit & Supervisory Board Members	Kazuo Matsuda	Attended all 15 meetings of the Board of Directors and attended all 15 meetings of the Audit & Supervisory Board held during FY2014. Making remarks from a wide viewpoint based on his rich insights on corporate management accounting and governance of business execution as he is familiar with finance and international businesses from his experience at banks and securities companies for many years and he has experiences and knowledge gained from management of manufacturing company.

3) Matters relating to liability limiting agreement

The Company amended its Articles of Incorporation at the 98th Annual Shareholders' Meeting held on June 29, 2006 and established provisions regarding the liability limiting agreement for Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members.

The outline of the liability limiting agreement, which the Company concluded with all Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members, is as follows:

- When an Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member is liable to compensate the Company for damages due to his/her negligence of duties, he/she assumes such liability up to the amount stipulated by laws and regulations (the minimum liability amount stipulated in Article 425, paragraph 1 of the Companies Act).
- The above liability limitation is allowed only when the relevant Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member acts in good faith and without gross negligence with respect to the liability as set forth in Article 423, paragraph 1 of the Companies Act.

4) Reasons of not placing Outside Directors

The Company did not appoint Outside Directors until this point of time. This is because we, despite our endless efforts, could not find an appropriate and adequate candidate who was familiar with international businesses and would carry out the supervision of the Company's management based on his/her abundant experiences and broad knowledge. We also determined that it was not appropriate to appoint personnel without such capabilities as Outside Directors.

However, the Company now has found an eligible candidate, Mr. Toshikazu Takei, and nominates him for an Outside Director to be elected at the 107th Annual Shareholders' Meeting to be held on June 26, 2015. Please see the agenda No. 3 for his brief personal history, etc.

5. Matters Relating to Accounting Auditor

(1) Name of Accounting Auditor

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu LLC

(2) Matters Relating to Liability Limiting Agreement

There are no applicable items.

(3) Amount of Remunerations to Accounting Auditor

	Amount paid
Amount of remunerations as Accounting Auditor for current fiscal year	42 million yen
Total amount of money and other property gains which the Company and its subsidiaries pay to Accounting Auditor	48 million yen

- (Notes) 1. Important consolidated subsidiaries of the Company that receive audits by certified public accountants or audit corporations (including those that possess qualifications equivalent to such qualifications in overseas countries) other than the Accounting Auditor of the Company are as follows:
 - · Dongsung Metal Co., Ltd. (Korea)
 - Daido Precision Metal (Suzhou) Co., Ltd. (China)
 - Chung Yuan Daido Co., Ltd (Taiwan)
 - PT. Daido Metal Indonesia (Indonesia)
 - Dyna Metal Co., Ltd. (Thailand)
 - Daido Metal U.S.A. Inc. (U.S.A.)
 - Daido Metal Mexico S.A. de C.V. (Mexico)
 - Daido Metal Mexico Sales, S.A. de C.V. (Mexico)
 - Daido Metal Kotor AD (Montenegro)
 - Daido Industrial Bearings Europe Ltd. (England)
 - Daido Metal Germany GmbH (Germany)
 - Daido Metal Czech s.r.o. (Czech)
 - Daido Metal Europe Ltd. (England)
 - Daido Metal Russia LLC (Russia)
 - 2. In the audit contract between the Company and Accounting Auditor, the amount of remunerations for the audit under the Companies Act and that under the Financial Instruments and Exchange Law are not clearly separated and also substantially inseparable from each other. As such, the amount of remunerations for the current fiscal year represents the total amount of these remunerations.

(4) Content of Nonaudit Services

There are no applicable items.

(5) Policies for Decision of Dismissal or Non-Reappointment of Accounting Auditor

The policies regarding the decision of dismissal or non-reappointment of the Accounting Auditor are as follows:

- If dismissal or non-reappointment of the Accounting Auditor is considered necessary based on the overall consideration of the auditing ability, credibility, audit fees, years of continuous audits, etc., in addition to the cases prescribed in each item of Article 340, paragraph 1 of the Companies Act, the Audit & Supervisory Board will decide on an agenda regarding dismissal or non-reappointment of the Accounting Auditor.
- If any cases prescribed in each item of Article 340, paragraph 1 of the Companies Act have occurred, and if there is such an as urgency as is inappropriate to dismiss the Accounting Auditor by holding the Shareholders' Meeting, the Audit & Supervisory Board will dismiss the Accounting Auditor based on the consent of all Audit & Supervisory Board Members. In such a case, an Audit & Supervisory Board Member elected by the Audit & Supervisory Board will report the fact of dismissal and reasons for dismissal to the first Shareholders' Meeting held after the dismissal.
- In the event of dismissal or non-reappointment of the Accounting Auditor, the Audit & Supervisory Board shall collect information on prospective accounting auditors and deliberate them at the earliest point. If the Accounting Auditor is dismissed based on Article 340, paragraphs 1 and 4 of the Companies Act, the Audit & Supervisory Board will determines the content of an agenda regarding the election of a new Accounting Auditor based on the overall consideration of the auditing ability, credibility, audit fees, etc., pursuant to Article 344, paragraphs 1 and 3 of the Companies Act by the Shareholders' Meeting to be first convened after the dismissal. If an agenda regarding dismissal or non-reappointment of the Accounting Auditor is submitted to a Shareholders' Meeting, the Audit & Supervisory Board will do the same by the said Shareholders' Meeting.

6. System for Ensuring the Appropriateness of Business Operations of Joint-Stock Company

The Company's systems for ensuring the appropriateness of business operations of joint-stock company are as follows:

(1) System for Retention and Control of Information on Performance of Duties by Directors

Documents and other information related to performance of duties of Directors including minutes of meetings of the Board of
Directors and documents regarding decisions and approvals are retained and controlled in accordance with internal rules and
regulations that stipulate the retention and control of confidential documents and material documents.

(2) Regulations and Other Systems for Management of Risks of Losses

- · Based on "Rules on Risk Management," the Company develops a system to manage risks properly.
- The "Risk Management Committee" mainly handles management/compliance risks and assesses/understands the risks inherent therein as well as studying measures for responding to such risks. Results of this assessment are reported to the Management Meeting depending on the materiality of risks, and response measures are determined for cross-sectional matters.
- In order to ensure an effective compliance system, the Company establishes a compliance unit and strengthens the company-wide risk management and compliance management.

(3) System for Ensuring Efficient Performance of Duties by Directors

- Medium-term management plan and annul basic policies are developed, based on which policies/plans are prepared by each department. Matters for important decision making are studied from various aspects, and plans and concrete measures are reviewed on a periodical basis, thus enhancing the effectiveness of performance of duties.
- Effective segregation of duties or distribution of authorities regarding the internal organization and its systems is verified on a periodical basis, including the review of the scope of authorities and in-house company system.

(4) System for Ensuring that Performance of Duties by Directors and Employees Conform to Laws and Regulations and Articles of Incorporation

- An internal audit system is developed through Audit Department in order to ensure the legitimacy, reasonableness, efficiency and legal and regulatory compliance of performance of duties.
- In order to strengthen/fully enforce the compliance, the "Corporate Ethics Committee" clarifies the tasks regarding the prevention of compliance risks and carries out overall control activities for the establishment/promotion of response measures.
- The "Corporate Ethics Committee" establishes the "Standards of Conduct" in complying with the company rules and laws and regulations, and revises their contents as necessary after obtaining the approval of the Board of Directors.
- The Company and its group companies provide their employees with regular compliance education/trainings by utilizing the "Standards of Conduct."
- The Company keeps employees informed about the ethics consultation window and windows for various consultations under its whistleblower system.
- Based on "Rules on Operation and Management of Standards of Conduct," the Company develops and operates compliance and whistleblower systems.

(5) System for Ensuring Appropriate Business Operations by the Corporate Group Consisting of the Company, its Parent Company and Subsidiaries

- The Company reviews the size of affiliated companies from time to time as necessary in order to ensure the effectiveness/efficiency of jobs between the Company and its group companies.
- In order to ensure the appropriateness of business operations of group companies, the Company periodically performs operations audit regarding the matters related to the management of group companies based on the rules and regulations relating to the Company's affiliated companies, and verifies whether or not business activities are carried out appropriately.
- Group companies periodically report to the Directors of the Company on their performance of duties, financial conditions, etc. and promote the exchange of information between the Company and its group companies.
- The Company and its group companies hold meetings to determine the group policies and way of management and establish a system
 of collaboration.
- If the content of management/management guidance provided by the Company is considered to violate the laws and regulations or have any other problems of compliance, the group companies report them to the ethics consultation desk. Matters with significance are reported to the Audit & Supervisory Board Members, who then express their views to the Directors as necessary and request them to take improvement/remediation measures.
- In order to ensure the reliability of financial reporting, the Company and its group companies develop necessary rules, regulations, procedures, etc., establish a system for appropriate and effective operation and assessment thereof, and promote the management and operation of internal control by establishing "Internal Control Department" for company-wide maintenance and strengthening of internal control.

(6) Matters Relating to Assignment of Employees who Assist the Duties of Audit & Supervisory Board Members

• An "Audit & Supervisory Board Members Secretariat" independent of the Directors is established as a department for assisting the Audit & Supervisory Board Members.

(7) Matters Relating to Independence from Directors, of Employees who Assist the Duties of Audit & Supervisory Board Members

• The Audit & Supervisory Board may receive advance reports on the personnel movements and personnel evaluations relating to the "Audit & Supervisory Board Members Secretariat," and request to the officer in charge of personnel affairs for changes if such request is necessary.

(8) System for Reporting to Audit & Supervisory Board Members by Directors and Employees and Other Systems for Reporting to Audit & Supervisory Board Members

- Directors and employees report the following matters to Audit & Supervisory Board Members without delay, in addition to statutory reporting matters:
 - a. Cases discussed/reported in the management meeting;
 - b. Detected matters that are likely to cause significant damages to the Company;
 - c. Results of operations audit performed by Audit Department and other internal audit departments;
 - d. Status and content of information relating to the whistleblower system established by the Directors; and
 - e. Other matters which the Audit & Supervisory Board considers necessary to be reported in the course of performing its duties.

(9) Other Systems for Ensuring Effective Performance of Audit by Audit & Supervisory Board Members

 Audit & Supervisory Board Members and the Audit & Supervisory Board have regular meetings with the Representative Director, and exchange opinions regarding the tasks to be addressed by the Company, risks surrounding the Company, status of improvement of the environment of audit by the Audit & Supervisory Board Members, significant matters, etc. in performing the audit and other matters, as well as confirming the management policies of the Representative Director.

(10) Basic Philosophy for Rejection of Anti-Social Forces and Status of Arrangement Thereof

- The Company includes its "Attitude to Anti-Social Forces" in Article 7 of the "Code of Conduct" which specifies the basic principles of corporate ethics, declaring that the Company will assume a resolute attitude toward any forces/groups threatening the healthy activities of an entity.
- General Affairs Department of the Company assumes the role of company-wide control, which endeavors to collect information on
 any anti-social forces and doubtful groups, in close collaboration with external institutions (related government
 offices/associations/lawyers, etc.) and centrally manage such information, including internal distribution of information, calling for
 attention, etc.
- "Standards of Conduct" which specify specific matters to be observed in performing the business activities in accordance with the "Code of Conduct" are distributed to all officers and employees, in order to enlighten the officers and employees by indicating their required "responses to anti-social forces."

Pursuant to the enactment on May 1, 2015 of the revised Companies Act, the Company, at the Board of Directors meeting held on April 28, 2015, passed a resolution concerning revision of the system for ensuring the appropriateness of business operations of joint-stock company as follows

System for Ensuring the Appropriateness of Business Operations of Joint-Stock Company

The Company's systems for ensuring the appropriateness of business operations of joint-stock company are as follows:

(1) System for Retention and Control of Information on Performance of Duties by Directors of the Company

Documents, electronic records and other information related to performance of duties of Directors including minutes of meetings of
the Board of Directors and documents regarding decisions and approvals are retained and controlled in accordance with "Rules on
Document Control" that stipulate the retention and control of confidential documents and material documents.

(2) Regulations and Other Systems for Management of Risks of Losses by the Company

- Based on "Rules on Risk Management," the Company develops a system to manage risks properly.
- The "Risk Management Committee" mainly handles management/compliance risks and assesses/understands the risks inherent therein as well as studying measures for responding to such risks. Some risks, depending on their materiality, are reported to the management meeting (a meeting of the Board of Directors or a meeting of the Management Strategy Committee; hereinafter the same), and response measures are determined for company-wide cross-sectional matters.

(3) System for Ensuring Efficient Performance of Duties by Directors of the Company

- Medium-term management plan and annul basic policies are developed, based on which policies/plans are prepared by each department. Matters for important decision making are studied from various aspects, and plans and concrete measures are reviewed on a periodical basis, thus enhancing the effectiveness of performance of duties.
- Effective segregation of duties or distribution of authorities regarding the internal organization and its systems is verified on a periodical basis, including the review of the scope of authorities and in-house company system.

(4) System for Ensuring that Performance of Duties by Directors and Employees of the Company Conform to Laws and Regulations and Articles of Incorporation

- The Company develops an internal audit system through Audit Department in order to ensure the legitimacy, reasonableness, efficiency and legal and regulatory compliance of performance of duties.
- The Company establishes a Compliance Unit to ensure the compliance system.
- The Compliance Unit, in order to strengthen/fully enforce the compliance, clarifies the tasks regarding the prevention of risks and carries out overall control activities for the establishment/promotion of response measures.
- The "Corporate Ethics Committee" drafts the "Code of Conduct" and the "Standards of Conduct" for complying with the company rules and laws and regulations, and revises their contents as necessary after obtaining approval from the Board of Directors.
- The Company provides its employees with regular compliance education/trainings by utilizing the "Code of Conduct" and the "Standards of Conduct" to keep them informed and aware of compliance.

(5) System for Ensuring the Appropriateness of Business Operations in the Group

- The Company reviews "Rules on Affiliated Company Management" as necessary in order to ensure the effectiveness/efficiency of business operations between the Company and its group companies.
- Group companies, through "Business Result Monthly Reports," etc., periodically report to the Board of Directors of the Company on their performance of duties, financial conditions, etc. and promote the exchange of information between the Company and the group companies.

- In order to ensure the reliability of financial reporting of the Group, the Company develops necessary rules, regulations, procedures, etc., and also establishes a system for appropriate and effective operation and assessment of the financial reporting. "Internal Control Department" performs the supervision and promotion of internal control for company-wide maintenance and strengthening of the system.
- The Company's "Risk Management Committee" establishes policies concerning a system for managing risks of loss at the group companies, and the group companies develop and operate their rules and policies based on such policies. The group companies report to the "Risk Management Committee" about their progress and situations.
- The Company and its group companies hold meetings to determine the group policies and way of management and establish a system of collaboration.
- In order to ensure the legitimacy, reasonableness, efficiency and legal and regulatory compliance of performance of duties at the group companies, the Company periodically conducts internal audits on the group companies through Audit Department in accordance with "Rules on Internal Audit" and assesses whether or not their business activities are carried out in appropriate and effective manner.
- For a whistleblower system based on "Rules on Operation and Management of Standards of Conduct," the Company establishes a "Reporting and Consultation System," including setting up windows for a variety of reporting and consultations both inside and outside the Company, and keeps all employees throughout the Group informed of the system.

(6) Matters Relating to Assignment of Employees who Assist the Duties of Audit & Supervisory Board Members of the Company, Independence of Such Employees, and Ensuring Effectiveness of Instruction

- An "Audit & Supervisory Board Members Secretariat" independent of the Directors is established as a department for assisting the Audit & Supervisory Board Members of the Company on a regular basis.
- The Audit & Supervisory Board may receive advance reports on the personnel movements and personnel evaluations relating to employees who are in charge of the "Audit & Supervisory Board Members Secretariat," and request to the officer in charge of personnel affairs for changes if such request is necessary.
- Employees who are in charge of "Audit & Supervisory Board Members Secretariat" perform their duties full time in accordance with instructions from Audit & Supervisory Board Members.

(7) System for Reporting to Audit & Supervisory Board Members of the Company

- Directors and employees of the Company report the following matters to Audit & Supervisory Board Members of the Company without delay, in addition to statutory reporting matters:
 - a. Cases discussed/reported in the management meeting;
 - b. Matters that are likely to cause significant damages to the Company;
 - c. Results of internal audits on the Company and its group companies performed by Audit Department;
 - d. Status and content of information relating to the whistleblower system developed by Directors; and
 - e. Other matters which the Audit & Supervisory Board of the Company considers necessary to be reported in the course of performing its duties.
- Based on "Rules on Operation and Management of Standards of Conduct" and "Rules on Whistleblower, and Report and Consultation," the Company develops and operates whistleblower systems.
- Officers and employees of the group companies, or those who have received report or consultation from officers and employees of the group companies, report to Audit & Supervisory Board Members of the Company in appropriate manner about any and all information useful for performance of duties by Audit & Supervisory Board Members.
- Head of Compliance Unit, in the event of any cases of violation of compliance found among whistleblowers, deliberates on correction measurements and preventive measurements at a meeting of the "Corporate Ethics Committee," and reports them to the Audit & Supervisory Board along with the investigation results.
- The Company guarantees that employees (including employees of the group companies) who have reported to the Audit & Supervisory Board Members of the Company will not be fired or treated unfairly in any means only because of the reporting.

(8) Matters Relating to Prepayment or Reimbursement of Expenses for Performance of Duties by Audit & Supervisory Board Members of the Company, and Policies and Procedures regarding Treatment of Expenses and Liabilities arising from Other Duties

 The Company prepays, or pays upon request, audit expenses necessary for performance of duties by the Audit & Supervisory Board Members of the Company.

(9) Other Systems for Ensuring Effective Performance of Audit by Audit & Supervisory Board Members of the Company

• The Company maintains a system that allows Audit & Supervisory Board Members and the Audit & Supervisory Board of the Company to have regular meetings with the Representative Director, and exchange opinions regarding the tasks to be addressed by the Group, risks surrounding the Group, status of improvement of the environment of audit by the Audit & Supervisory Board Members, significant matters, etc. in performing audit and other matters, as well as confirming the management policies of the Representative Director.

(10) Basic Philosophy of the Group for Rejection of Anti-Social Forces and Status of Arrangement Thereof

- The Group includes its "Attitude to Anti-Social Forces" in Article 7 of the "Code of Conduct" which specifies the basic principles of corporate ethics, and assumes a resolute attitude toward any forces/groups threatening the healthy activities of an entity.
- General Affairs Department of the Company assumes the role of company-wide control, which endeavors to collect information on any anti-social forces and doubtful groups, in close collaboration with external institutions (related government offices/associations/lawyers, etc.) and centrally manage such information, including internal distribution of information, calling for attention, etc.
- "Standards of Conduct" which specify specific matters to be observed in performing the business activities in accordance with the "Code of Conduct" are distributed to all officers and employees of the Group, in order to enlighten the officers and employees by indicating their required "attitude to anti-social forces."

7. Basic Policies Relating to Control of Joint-Stock Company

(1) Content of Basic Policies

Basic policies regarding the way of being of persons who control the determination of polices for the Company's finance and business are as follows:

The Company has developed business strategies for sales, production, technology, new businesses, etc. based on medium and long term perspectives and has been aiming to achieve the stable development and growth of the Company. However, the circumstances surrounding our business have been changing drastically and requires us an extremely important steering in the short-term management judgment for ensuring a sustainable growth toward the future.

In the Medium-Term Business Plan, the Company plans to construct its business base at the first stage (from FY2012 to FY2014), and achieve the Group's challenge targets of "consolidated net sales of 111 billion yen, operating income of 16.7 billion yen, and an operating margin of 15% or more" in the final years of the second stage (from FY2015 to FY2017).

The Company will strive to strengthen a sustainable business base and further enhance corporate value by steadily implementing the Medium-Term Business Plan.

Cooperating with our business partners, including customers and suppliers, employees and their families, local residents and other stakeholders, the Company will pursue flexible responses to the short-term and rapid changes and achieve a sustainable growth of business management in the view of medium and long term perspectives. The Company believes that returning profits gained as a result of such sustainable growth, to shareholders would come to be the better contribution to the common interest rather than distributing short-term or tentative profits to shareholders.

Accordingly, the Company would like stakeholders such as customers and suppliers, employees and their families and local residents, who support our sustainable growth based on medium and long term perspectives aforementioned, to hold our shares with proper balance.

(2) Efforts for Contributing to Achievement of Basic Policies

1) Special efforts for contributing to achievement of basic policies

- a. Effective utilization of the Company's properties for achieving sustainable growth through business management based on medium and long term perspectives
 - The Company has been utilizing its properties effectively in order to achieve a sustainable growth through business management based on medium and long term perspectives.
 - Since it becomes necessary to establish production and sales bases responsive to the future trends and changes of market, to upgrade productivity, etc. of domestic and overseas subsidiaries to the levels of the Company, and to maintain the technologies for products, design, manufacture, production and development at the global top levels, the Company will invest its properties effectively and efficiently for proactive research and development activities mainly for new products and production technologies, enhancement of creation capabilities, utilization and introduction of advanced technologies through industry-government-academia cooperation, corporate protection through intellectual property rights, etc. in consideration of the balance between such investments and dividends of surplus to our shareholders.

b. Promotion of shareholding by employees

- The Company promotes the holding of shares by employees by paying incentives to members of the Employee Stock-Ownership Plan
- The Company also continues to implement active efforts to enhance the Employee Stock-Ownership Plan.

c. Promotion of understanding of the Company by local residents

• The Company interacts with local residents and tries to gain better understanding of the Company by local residents, such as by attendance to social programs and local residents' attendance to factory tours at major business locations.

2) Efforts for preventing the control by shareholders who violate basic policies

The Company takes the following measures in order to prevent any inappropriate parties in view of the above basic policies from controlling the decisions on finance and business of the Company (hereinafter referred to as "hostile acquisition"):

At first, the Company will conduct proactive IR activities in order to increase the corporate reputation of the Company in the market, as well as effectively utilizing the Company's assets to the fullest extent, thus achieving its sustainable growth through business management based on the above-mentioned medium and long term perspectives, increasing the corporate value, and enabling us to distribute appropriate profits to our shareholders.

Next, the Company will identify its substantial shareholders on a continuous basis and, if a hostile acquirer appears, will check and assess the purposes of acquisition by the said hostile acquirer and make negotiations with the said hostile acquirer on hearing the opinions of external specialists. If it is considered that the hostile acquirer is inappropriate in view of the Company's basic policies, the Company will take appropriate countermeasures.

Also, the Company does not deny the introduction of advance measures for the prevention of hostile acquisition in order to prepare for possible appearance of a hostile acquirer, and will continue to make studies on effective measures by reference to laws and regulations, guidance issued by related institutions and the trend of other companies, as well as securing the common interests of our shareholders.

(3	3)	Judgment	on and	Reason f	for	Reasonableness	of	Above	Efforts
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It is clear, from the manner of efforts, that the above efforts are consistent with the basic policies, do not infringe the common interests of shareholders, and are not intended to maintain the positions of the Company's officers. We also consider that the countermeasures and measures for the prevention of hostile acquisition are apparently appropriate because they are put to motion only when the acquisition is against the Company's basic policies.

8. Other Significant Matters Relating to Status of Joint-Stock Company		
There are no applicab	le items.	
^		

(Note) Amounts, numbers of shares, percentages of holding of voting rights, and ratios of shareholding described in this Business Report are presented by rounding down fractions under units for presentation. Other ratios are presented as units rounded down to the nearest unit.

Consolidated Balance Sheet (As of March 31, 2015)

(Unit: 1,000 Yen)

Account	Assets		Liabilities	nit: 1,000 Yen)
Current assets				Amount
Cash and deposits				37,355,592
Notes and accounts receivable-trade Securities Secu				6,727,599
Securities				8,754,378
Merchandise and finished goods Work in process 6,986,328 Raw materials and supplies 3,451,689 Lease liabilities 1,550, Reserve for Directors' bonuses 1,670,386 Reserve for Compensation for products 1,670,386 Reserve for Directors' bonuses 1,670,386 Reserve for Dire				8,623,421
Work in process Raw materials and supplies Deferred tax assets 1,844,195 Chers 1,670,386 Chers 1,4267,228 Machinery, equipment and carriers Land Lease assets 1,128,100 Chers 1,128,100 Chers 1,034,531 Chers 1,034,531 Chers 1,034,531 Chers 1,371,78,425 Chers 1,331,77 Chers 1,128,100 Chers 1,331,77 Chers 1,128,100 Chers 1,331,77 Chers 1,128,100 Chers 1,128,100 Chers 1,331,77 Chers 1,128,100 Chers 1,331,77 Chers 1,128,100 Chers 1,341,74,101 Chers 1,128,100 Chers 1,128,100 Chers 1,331,77 Chers 1,128,100 Chers 1,331,77 Chers 1,128,100 Chers 1,288,104,104 Chers 1,288,104,104 Chers 1,288,104,104,104 Chers 1,288,104,104,104,104,104,104,104,104,104,104		,		
Raw materials and supplies Deferred tax assets 1,844,195 Accrued income taxes 1,936, 1,550				3,244,724
Deferred tax assets				278,418
1,670,386				1,936,359
Allowance for doubtful accounts Fixed assets Tangible fixed assets Buildings and structures Machinery, equipment and carriers Land Lease assets Construction in progress Others Intangible fixed assets Goodwill Lease assets Goodwill Lease assets Through the fixed assets Goodwill Lease assets Cothers Intestments and other assets Investment securities Investment securities Deferred tax assets Others Investment securities Allowance for doubtful accounts Interpretation Interpretatio				1,550,304
Priced assets S7,778,222 S0,082,516 14,267,228 Machinery, equipment and carriers Land Lease assets Construction in progress Others 1,034,531 Construction in progress Goodwill Lease assets Condwill Cong-term loans Congruent to bligations Condwill Cong-term loans Congruent to bligations Cong	Allowance for doubtful accounts			147,000
Size		(,)		
Tangible fixed assets Buildings and structures Machinery, equipment and carriers Land Lease assets 11,128,100 Construction in progress 3,571,843 1,034,531 Lease liabilities 1,928, Non-Current Liabilities 26,083,4 Lease liabilities 364,545,545 Lease liabilities 1,928, Non-Current Liabilities 3,571,843 Lease liabilities 3,571,843 Non-Current Liabilities 1,928, Non-Current Liabilities 3,64,545,545 Lease liabilities 3,64,545,545 Non-Current Liabilities 3,64,545,545 Lease liabilities 3,64,545,545 Non-Current Liabilities 3,64,54,545,545 Non-Current Liabilities 3,64,54,54,545,545 Non-Current Liabilities 3,64,54,54,545 Non-Current Liabilities 3,64,54,54,54,54,54,54,54,54,54,54,54,54,54	Fixed assets	57,778,222		
Buildings and structures Machinery, equipment and carriers Land Lease assets G32,059 Construction in progress 3,571,843 Lease liabilities Construction in progress 3,571,843 Lease liabilities Construction for environmental Construction for				1,141,544
Machinery, equipment and carriers 19,448,753 11,128,100 632,059 Construction in progress 0thers 1,034,531 Deferred tax liabilities 1,928, Net defined benefit liability Provision for environmental measures 1,977,861 Goodwill 133,177 Others 1,194,913 Negative goodwill 342, Net defined benefit asset 1,977,845 Total Liabilities 3,42, Net defined benefit asset 1,977,845 Negative goodwill 3,20 Net Assets 3,42, Net defined benefit asset 1,977,845 Negative goodwill 3,20 Net Assets 3,42, Net defined benefit asset 261,600 853,959 1,101,585 Net Assets 1,011,585 Net Assets 1,021,011,585 Net Assets 1,021,511,511,511,511,511,511,511,511,511,5				4,749,646
Land Lease assets Gostruction in progress Others 1,034,531 Lease liabilities Lease liabilities Lease liabilities 1,928,				, ,.
Lease assets			Non-Current Liabilities	26,083,800
Construction in progress Others Investments and other assets Investment securities Long-term loans Net defined benefit asset Deferred tax liabilities Net defined benefit liability Others Othe	Lease assets		Long-term borrowings	18,454,737
Intangible fixed assets Goodwill Lease assets Others Investments and other assets Investment securities Long-term loans Net defined benefit asset Deferred tax assets Others Allowance for doubtful accounts Interpretation of the defined benefit liability Provision for environmental measures Asset retirement obligations Negative goodwill Others Total Liabilities Stockholders' equity Capital stock Capital surplus Retained earnings Treasury stocks Accumulated other comprehensive income Net unrealized gain (loss) on securities Foreign currency translation adjustments Remeasurements of defined benefit plans Minority interests in consolidated subsidiaries Net defined benefit liability 4,937, 35, 35, 35, 362, Total Liabilities Stockholders' equity Capital stock Capital surplus Treasury stocks Accumulated other comprehensive income Net unrealized gain (loss) on securities Foreign currency translation adjustments Remeasurements of defined benefit plans Minority interests in consolidated subsidiaries Total Net Assets 53,093,	Construction in progress	3,571,843	Lease liabilities	364,743
Intangible fixed assets Goodwill Lease assets Others Investments and other assets Investment securities Long-term loans Net defined benefit asset Deferred tax assets Others Allowance for doubtful accounts Interest assets Others Total Liabilities 3,471,510 Capital stock Capital surplus Retained earnings Treasury stocks Accumulated other Comprehensive income Net unrealized gain (loss) on securities Foreign currency translation adjustments Remeasurements of defined benefit plans Minority interests in Consolidated subsidiaries 1,977,861 649,769 Asset retirement obligations Negative goodwill Others 5,717,845 Stockholders' equity Capital stock Capital surplus Treasury stocks Accumulated other Comprehensive income Net unrealized gain (loss) on securities Foreign currency translation adjustments Remeasurements of defined benefit plans Minority interests in Consolidated subsidiaries Total Net Assets 53,093,	Others	1,034,531	Deferred tax liabilities	1,928,017
Goodwill Lease assets 133,177 Asset retirement obligations 177 Asset			Net defined benefit liability	4,937,282
Coodwill Lease assets Others Others Others Asset retirement obligations 177, 1,194,913 Negative goodwill Others 342, Total Liabilities Others	Intangible fixed assets	1,977,861	Provision for environmental	25.014
Others Investments and other assets Investment securities Long-term loans Net defined benefit asset Deferred tax assets Others Allowance for doubtful accounts Investments and other assets Investment securities Long-term loans Net defined benefit asset Deferred tax assets Others Allowance for doubtful accounts Investments and other assets Investment securities Stockholders' equity Capital stock Capital surplus Retained earnings Treasury stocks Accumulated other comprehensive income Net unrealized gain (loss) on securities Foreign currency translation adjustments Remeasurements of defined benefit plans Minority interests in consolidated subsidiaries Total Net Assets 5,717,845 Total Liabilities 63,439, 7,273, 7,273, 7,946, 7,273, 1,101,585 Treasury stocks Accumulated other comprehensive income Net unrealized gain (loss) on securities Foreign currency translation adjustments Remeasurements of defined benefit plans Minority interests in consolidated subsidiaries Total Net Assets 53,093,	Goodwill	649,769	measures	33,914
Investments and other assets Investment securities Long-term loans Net defined benefit asset Deferred tax assets Others Allowance for doubtful accounts Total Liabilities Stockholders' equity Capital stock Capital surplus Retained earnings Treasury stocks Accumulated other comprehensive income Net unrealized gain (loss) on securities Foreign currency translation adjustments Remeasurements of defined benefit plans Minority interests in consolidated subsidiaries Others 342, Total Liabilities 63,439, 41,850, 7,273, 7,946, Capital surplus Retained earnings Treasury stocks Accumulated other comprehensive income Net unrealized gain (loss) on securities Foreign currency translation adjustments Remeasurements of defined benefit plans Minority interests in consolidated subsidiaries Total Net Assets 53,093,	Lease assets	133,177	Asset retirement obligations	17,720
Investment sand other assets Investment securities Long-term loans Net defined benefit asset Deferred tax assets Others Allowance for doubtful accounts Allowance for doubtful accounts Deferred tax assets Others Allowance for doubtful accounts Allowance for doubtful accounts Total Liabilities Stockholders' equity Capital stock Capital surplus Retained earnings Treasury stocks Accumulated other comprehensive income Net unrealized gain (loss) on securities Foreign currency translation adjustments Remeasurements of defined benefit plans Minority interests in consolidated subsidiaries Total Net Assets 5,717,845 Net Assets 41,850, 7,273, 7,946, 28,051, (1,420,0 1,340,	Others	1,194,913		3,227
Investment securities Long-term loans Net defined benefit asset Deferred tax assets Others Allowance for doubtful accounts Allowance for doubtful accounts Total Net Assets 3,471,510 71,137 261,600 853,959 1,101,585 (41,948) Stockholders' equity Capital stock Capital surplus 7,246, 7,273, 7,946, 7,946, 7,273, 7,946, 7,273, 7,946, 7,946, 7,273, 7,946, 7,946, 7,273, 7,946, 7,946, 7,273, 7,946, 7,273, 7,946, 7,946, 7,273, 7,946, 7,946, 7,273, 7,946, 7,946, 7,273, 7,946, 7,946, 7,273, 7,946, 7,946, 7,273, 7,946, 7,946, 7,273, 7,946, 7,946, 7,273, 7,946, 7,946, 7,273, 7,946, 7,273, 7,946, 7,273, 7,946, 7,946, 7,273, 7,946, 7,273, 7,946, 7,273, 7,946, 7,273, 7,946, 7,946, 7,273, 7,946, 7,273, 7,946, 7,273, 7,946, 7,273, 7,946, 7,946, 7,273, 7,946, 7,946, 7,273, 7,946, 7,273, 7,946, 7,273, 7,946, 7,273, 7,946, 7,273, 7,946, 7,273, 7,946, 7,273, 7,946, 7,273, 7,946, 7,273, 7,946, 7,946, 7,273, 7,946, 7,273, 7,946, 7,273, 7,946, 7,946, 7,946, 7,946, 7,946, 7,946, 7,946, 7,946, 7,946, 7,946, 7,946, 7,946, 7,946, 7,946, 7,946, 7,9				342,156
Long-term loans Net defined benefit asset Deferred tax assets Others Allowance for doubtful accounts Allowance for doubtful accounts Total Net Assets 71,137 261,600 853,959 1,101,585 (41,948) Retained earnings Capital surplus Capital surplus Retained earnings (1,420,0 41,850,7 7,273, 7,946,7 7,246,7 7,273, 7,946,7 7,273,7 7,946,7 7,273,7 7,946,7 7,273,7 7,946,7 7,27,27 7,28 7,28 7,28 7,28 7,28 7,28	Investments and other assets		Total Liabilities	63,439,393
Net defined benefit asset Deferred tax assets Others Allowance for doubtful accounts Accumulated other comprehensive income Net unrealized gain (loss) on securities Foreign currency translation adjustments Remeasurements of defined benefit plans Minority interests in consolidated subsidiaries Total Net Assets 53,093,			Net Assets	
Deferred tax assets Others Allowance for doubtful accounts 853,959 1,101,585 (41,948) Capital surplus Retained earnings Treasury stocks Accumulated other comprehensive income Net unrealized gain (loss) on securities Foreign currency translation adjustments Remeasurements of defined benefit plans Minority interests in consolidated subsidiaries Total Net Assets 7,246, 228,051, (1,420,0 1,730, 1,340, (860,7) 1,340, (860,7) 1,340, (87,7) 1,240, 1,340, 1			Stockholders' equity	41,850,799
Others Allowance for doubtful accounts 1,101,585 (41,948) Retained earnings Treasury stocks Accumulated other comprehensive income Net unrealized gain (loss) on securities Foreign currency translation adjustments Remeasurements of defined benefit plans Minority interests in consolidated subsidiaries 28,051, (1,420,0 1,730, 1,340, (860,7) 1,340, (980,7) 1,340, (Capital stock	7,273,178
Allowance for doubtful accounts (41,948) (41,948) Treasury stocks Accumulated other comprehensive income Net unrealized gain (loss) on securities Foreign currency translation adjustments Remeasurements of defined benefit plans Minority interests in consolidated subsidiaries (860,7) Total Net Assets 53,093,				7,946,245
Accumulated other comprehensive income Net unrealized gain (loss) on securities Foreign currency translation adjustments Remeasurements of defined benefit plans Minority interests in consolidated subsidiaries (1,720,6 1,730,9 1,250,9 1,250,9 1,340,9 1,3		, ,		28,051,389
comprehensive income Net unrealized gain (loss) on securities Foreign currency translation adjustments Remeasurements of defined benefit plans Minority interests in consolidated subsidiaries (860,7) Total Net Assets 53,093,	Allowance for doubtful accounts	(41,948)		(1,420,012)
Net unrealized gain (loss) on securities Foreign currency translation adjustments Remeasurements of defined benefit plans Minority interests in consolidated subsidiaries Total Net Assets 1,250, 1,340, (860,7) 9,512,				1 730 000
Foreign currency translation adjustments Remeasurements of defined benefit plans Minority interests in consolidated subsidiaries Total Net Assets 1,340, (860,7) 9,512,				, ,
adjustments Remeasurements of defined benefit plans Minority interests in consolidated subsidiaries Total Net Assets 1,340, (860,7) 9,512,				1,250,907
adjustments Remeasurements of defined benefit plans Minority interests in consolidated subsidiaries Total Net Assets 53,093,				1,340,744
plans Minority interests in consolidated subsidiaries Total Net Assets 53,093,5				1,540,744
Minority interests in consolidated subsidiaries Total Net Assets 53,093,				(860,741)
consolidated subsidiaries Total Net Assets 53,093,5				(000,7-41)
Total Net Assets 53,093,				9,512,211
, , ,			consolidated subsidiaries	- ,- 12,211
Total Assets 116,533,314 Total Liabilities and Net Assets 116,533,			Total Net Assets	53,093,921
	Total Assets	116,533,314	Total Liabilities and Net Assets	116,533,314

(Note) Amounts are presented by rounding down fractions under 1,000 yen.

Consolidated Statement of Income

From: April 1, 2014 To: March 31, 2015

(Unit: 1,000 Yen)

Account	Amo	ount
Net sales		85,015,207
Cost of sales		62,068,817
Gross profit on sales		22,946,389
Selling, general and administrative expenses		15,312,412
Operating income		7,633,976
Non-operating income		
Interest and dividend income	121,568	
Foreign exchange gains	1,887	
Amortization of negative goodwill	533	
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated subsidiaries and affiliated companies	165,066	
Proceeds on sale of scraps	569,812	
Others	393,850	1,252,719
Non-operating expenses		
Interest expense	313,699	
Retirement benefit expenses	257,450	
Others	185,963	757,114
Ordinary income		8,129,581
Extraordinary gains		
Subsidy income	436,038	436,038
Income before income taxes		8,565,620
Corporation tax, inhabitant tax and business	3,221,948	
Income taxes-deferred	(344,252)	2,877,696
Income before minority interests	, , , , ,	5,687,923
Minority interests in earnings of consolidated subsidiaries		1,228,027
Net income		4,459,895

(Note) Amounts are presented by rounding down fractions under 1,000 yen.

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity

From: April 1, 2014 To: March 31, 2015

(Unit: 1,000 Yen)

	Stockholders' equity				
	Capital stock	Capital surplus	Retained earnings	Treasury stocks	Total stockholders' equity
Balance at the beginning of the current year	7,273,178	7,946,245	24,578,832	(1,411,900)	38,386,356
Cumulative effects of changes in accounting policies			(190,914)		(190,914)
Restated balance	7,273,178	7,946,245	24,387,918	(1,411,900)	38,195,441
Changes during the current year					
Dividend of surplus			(796,424)		(796,424)
Net income			4,459,895		4,459,895
Acquisition of treasury stocks				(8,112)	(8,112)
Changes (net) in the items other than stockholders' equity during the current year					
Total changes during the current year	_	_	3,663,470	(8,112)	3,655,358
Balance at the end of the current year	7,273,178	7,946,245	28,051,389	(1,420,012)	41,850,799

(Unit: 1,000 Yen)

	Accum	Accumulated other comprehensive income				
	Net unrealized gain (loss) on securities	Foreign currency translation adjustments	Remeasure ments of defined benefit plans	Total accumulated other comprehensive income	Minority interests in consolidated subsidiaries	Total net assets
Balance at the beginning of the current year	958,119	782,742	(1,286,311)	454,551	7,892,403	46,733,310
Cumulative effects of changes in accounting policies						(190,914)
Restated balance	958,119	782,742	(1,286,311)	454,551	7,892,403	46,542,396
Changes during the current year						
Dividend of surplus						(796,424)
Net income						4,459,895
Acquisition of treasury stocks						(8,112)
Changes (net) in the items other than stockholders' equity during the current year	292,787	558,001	425,569	1,276,358	1,619,808	2,896,166
Total changes during the current year	292,787	558,001	425,569	1,276,358	1,619,808	6,551,525
Balance at the end of the current year	1,250,907	1,340,744	(860,741)	1,730,909	9,512,211	53,093,921

(Note) Amounts are presented by rounding down fractions under 1,000 yen.

I. Significant Matters that Form the Basis of Presenting Consolidated Financial Statements

1. Matters relating to scope of consolidation

(1) Number of consolidated subsidiaries Names of consolidated subsidiaries 21 companies

Daido Logitech Co., Ltd. Daido Metal Sales Co., Ltd. Daido Plain Bearings Co., Ltd.

Daido Industrial Bearings Japan Co., Ltd.

Daido Metal U.S.A. Inc. Daido Metal Kotor AD

Daido Industrial Bearings Europe Ltd.

Daido Metal Czech s.r.o. Dyna Metal Co., Ltd. Chung Yuan Daido Co., Ltd. P.T. Daido Metal Indonesia Dongsung Metal Co., Ltd. NDC Co., Ltd.

NDC Sales Co., Ltd.

Daido Precision Metal (Suzhou) Co., Ltd.

Daido Metal Germany GmbH Asia Kelmet Co., Ltd. Daido Metal Europe Ltd. Daido Metal Russia LLC Daido Metal Mexico S.A. de C.V.

Daido Metal Mexico Sales, S.A. de C.V.

(2) Names of unconsolidated subsidiaries

Korea Dry Bearing Co., Ltd.

Chung Yuan Daido (Guangzhou) Co., Ltd.

Reason for exclusion from scope of consolidation

Korea Dry Bearing Co., Ltd. and Chung Yuan Daido (Guangzhou) Co., Ltd. have been excluded from the scope of consolidation because all these companies are small in size and none of their total assets, sales, net income or loss (amount corresponding to the equity share) and retained earnings (amount corresponding to the equity share) does not have a material effect on the consolidated financial statements.

2. Matters relating to application of equity method

 Number of unconsolidated subsidiaries and affiliated companies to which the equity method was applied

2 companies

Names of companies (Unconsolidated subsidiary) Korea Dry Bearing

Co., Ltd.

(Affiliated company) BBL Daido Private Ltd.

(2) Names of unconsolidated subsidiaries and affiliated companies to which the equity

method was not applied

(Unconsolidated subsidiaries)

Chung Yuan Daido (Guangzhou) Co., Ltd.

Reason for non-application of equity

method

Chung Yuan Daido (Guangzhou) Co., Ltd. has been excluded from the range of application of the equity method, because their effect on net income or loss (amount corresponding to the equity share), retained earnings (amount corresponding to the equity share), etc. is minor and immaterial as a whole.

(3) Matters of special mention regarding the procedures for application procedures of equity method For companies to which the equity method is applicable and of which closing dates are different from the consolidated closing date, financial statements for the fiscal year of each company are used.

3. Matters relating to the fiscal year, etc. of consolidated subsidiaries

Among the consolidated subsidiaries, the closing date for Daido Metal U.S.A. Inc., Daido Metal Kotor AD, Daido Industrial Bearings Europe LTD., Daido Metal Czech s.r.o., Dyna Metal Co., Ltd., Chung Yuan Daido Co., P.T. Daido Metal Indonesia, Dongsung Metal Co., Ltd., Daido Precision Metal (Suzhou) Co., Ltd., Daido Metal Germany GmbH, Daido Metal Europe LTD, Daido Metal Russia LLC, Daido Metal Mexico S.A. de C.V. and Daido Metal Mexico Sales S.A. de C.V. is December 31.

statements, financial statements as of the same date are used. However, required adjustments for consolidation were made for important transactions that occurred during the period up to

the consolidated closing date.

- 4. Matters relating to accounting standards
 - (1) Basis and method of valuation of important assets
 - 1) Basis and method of valuation of securities

Other securities

Securities with market value ······ Stated at market value based on the market

price, etc. at balance sheet date (Valuation differences are included directly in net assets, and the net sales value is calculated

by the moving average method.)

Securities without market value · · · · Stated at cost determined by the moving

average method

2) Basis and method of valuation of derivatives

Stated at market value

3) Basis and method of valuation of inventories

Basis of valuation is in accordance with the cost basis (method of writing down the carrying value based on any decreased profitability).

(a) Merchandise and finished goods ···· Gross average method (b) Work in process····· Gross average method

(c) Raw materials ······ Principally by gross average method (d) Supplies ···· Principally by moving average method

(2) Method of depreciation of important depreciable assets

1) Tangible fixed assets (excluding lease assets)

The Company and 5 companies among the domestic consolidated subsidiaries use the declining balance method (with the exception of buildings (excluding facilities annexed to buildings) acquired on or after April 1, 1998, for which the straight-line method is used), while other subsidiaries use the straight-line method.

Useful lives for major assets are as follows:

Buildings and structures

3-60 years

2) Intangible fixed assets (excluding lease assets)

Straight-line method is used.

- 3) Lease assets
 - Lease assets relating to finance lease transactions which transfer the ownership of lease assets
 - The same depreciation method as applied to self-owned fixed assets is used.
 - Lease assets relating to finance lease transactions which do not transfer the ownership of lease assets
 - Straight-line method based on the useful life equal to the lease period and residual value of zero is used.
- (3) Basis of recording important reserves
 - 1) Allowance for doubtful accounts

In order to prepare for any losses by bad debt receivables, an amount estimated to be unrecoverable is provided based on the calculation of past actual bad debt ratio for general reserves and from reviewing the probability of recovery in individual cases for specific receivable where there is concern over claims.

2) Reserve for bonuses

An amount corresponding to the period out of the estimated amount of bonuses payable to employees, etc. is provided.

- 3) Reserve for Directors' bonuses
 - In order to prepare for future payment of Directors' bonuses, an estimated amount of bonuses payable is provided.
- 4) Reserve for compensation for products
 In order to prepare for any expenditure of warra
 - In order to prepare for any expenditure of warranty expenses relating to the quality of products, an estimated amount required to be paid in future is provided.
- 5) Provision for environmental measures
 - In order to prepare for payment of disposal cost of PCB wastes required to be treated as stipulated by the "Act on Special Measures concerning Promotion of Proper Treatment of PCB Wastes," an estimated amount of disposal cost to be paid is provided.
- (4) Other significant matters which are the basis for presentation of consolidated financial statements
 - 1) Accounting treatment for retirement benefits
 - When calculating retirement benefit obligation, the benefit formula basis is used to allocate estimated retirement benefits in the period up to the end of the current consolidated fiscal year.
 - A pro-rated amount of differences arising from accounting changes is expensed in 15 years.

Past service cost is recorded as an expense by a pro-rated amount by the straight-line method over the average remaining service years of employees at time of occurrence thereof

For actuarial differences, an amount prorated by the straight-line method over the average remaining service years of employees at time of occurrence thereof in each consolidated fiscal year is expensed starting from the consolidated fiscal year that follows the consolidated fiscal year of occurrence.

In order to prepare for the payment of retirement benefits to operating officers, etc., an amount that would be required to be paid if all eligible officers retired at the balance sheet date is provided.

(Change in accounting policy)

Effective from the current consolidated fiscal year, the Company adopted the provisions prescribed in the main part of Paragraph 35 of the "Accounting Standard for Retirement Benefits" (ASBJ Statement No.26, issued on May 17, 2012, hereinafter "Retirement Benefits Accounting Standard") and the main part of Paragraph 67 of the "Guidance on Accounting Standard for Retirement Benefits" (ASBJ Guidance No. 25, issued on March 26, 2015, hereinafter "Guidance on Retirement Benefits") and reviewed the method of calculating retirement benefit obligation and service cost. Method of allocating estimated retirement benefits in the period up to the end of the current consolidated fiscal year has changed from the straight-line basis to the benefit formula basis, while the method of determining a discount rate has been changed from a method using the yield of bonds whose maturity period comes near the period determined based on the average remaining service years of employees to a method using the single weighted average discount rate that reflects estimated periods of retirement benefit payments and the payment amounts for each estimated payment period.

In accordance with transitional treatment as stipulated in Paragraph 37 of the Retirement Benefits Accounting Standard, the effect of the change in calculation methods of retirement benefit obligation and service cost is recognized in retained earnings as of the beginning of the current consolidated fiscal year.

As a result, a net defined benefit liability at the beginning of the current consolidated fiscal year increased by 299,267 thousand yen, and retained earnings at the beginning

of the current consolidated fiscal year decreased by 190,914 thousand yen. The effect of this change for the current consolidated fiscal year has a minor impact on operating income, ordinary income, and income before income taxes.

2) Standard for conversion of foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities into Japanese Yen

Foreign currency denominated receivables and payables are translated into Japanese Yen at the spot exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date, and the resulting exchange differences are recorded in gains or losses. Assets and liabilities, income and expenses of overseas subsidiaries, etc. are translated into Japanese Yen at the spot exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date, and the resulting exchange differences are included in the foreign currency adjustments and minority interests in consolidated subsidiaries in net assets.

- 3) Accounting method for important hedges
 - (a) Hedge accounting

Special treatment is applied to interest rate swaps when the conditions of special treatment are met.

(b) Hedging instruments

Derivative transactions (interest rate swaps)

(c) Hedged items

Items with possibility of losses due to market fluctuations, etc. and for which such market fluctuations, etc. are not reflected in their evaluation and items with fixed cash flow and for which such fluctuations are avoided.

(d) Hedge policies

The Company adopts a policy of utilizing derivative transactions as hedging instruments only for the purpose of avoiding the risks to assets and liabilities exposed to risks of market fluctuations.

(e) Evaluation of effectiveness of hedges

The judgment on the evaluation of the effectiveness at the balance sheet date is omitted because the conditions of special treatment of interest swaps are met.

- 4) Matters relating to the amortization of goodwill and the amortization period
 Goodwill is amortized by the straight-line method within a period of 12 years
 based on the estimated period during which the effect thereof is being developed.
- 5) Accounting treatment of consumption taxes

Consumption taxes are accounted for by the tax-excluded method.

II. Additional Information

Revision to the amount of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities due to changes in the rate of income taxes

Following the promulgation of "Act for Partial Amendment of the Income Tax Act, etc." (Act No.9 of 2015) and "Act for Partial Amendment of the Local Taxation Act, etc." (Act No.2 of 2015) on March 31, 2015, the corporation tax rate was lowered effective from the consolidated fiscal year beginning on or after April 1, 2015.

In accordance with this change, the statutory tax rate used for the calculation of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities has been changed from previous 35.3% to 33.0% for the temporary differences expected to be eliminated in the consolidated fiscal year beginning on April 1, 2015, and to 32.2% for the temporary differences expected to be eliminated in the consolidated fiscal year beginning on or after April 1, 2016, respectively.

As a result of this change, deferred tax assets (net of deferred tax liabilities), income taxes-deferred (credit), and unrealized gain (loss) on securities (credit) increased by 58,400 thousand yen, 36,411 thousand yen, and 60,688 thousand yen, respectively, while remeasurements of defined benefit plans (credit) decreased by 38,699 thousand yen.

III. Notes to Consolidated Balance Sheet

1. Accumulated amount of depreciation of tangible fixed assets	76,505,283	thousand yen
ussets		

2. Assets pledged as collateral and liabilities	s corresponding to pledged assets
---	-----------------------------------

- 11 issees preaged as commercial and machines correspond	mg to prouged a	5500
Assets pledged as collateral		
Buildings and structures	623,700	thousand yen
Machinery, equipment and carriers	1,558,327	
Land	885,813	
Other tangible fixed assets	19,287	
Total	3,087,128	
Liabilities corresponding to pledged assets		
Short-term borrowings	1,700,000	thousand yen
Long-term borrowings	993,312	
(including amounts scheduled to be repaid		
within one year)		
Total	2,693,312	
3. Liabilities for guarantee		

Amount of employee housing loans, etc. 217,761 thousand yen

4. Discounted notes receivable and transfer by endorsement of notes receivable

22,276 thousand yen Discounted export bills

IV. Notes to Consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity

- 1. Total number of issued shares as of the end of current consolidated fiscal year Ordinary shares 44,956 thousand shares
- 2. Matters relating to dividend
- (1) Total amount of dividend paid

Resolution	Kind of share	Total amount of dividend (1,000 yen)	Amount of dividend per share (yen)	Base date	Effective date
Annual shareholders' meeting held on June 27, 2014	Ordinary share	398,235	10.00	March 31, 2014	June 30, 2014
Board of Directors' meeting held on November 13, 2014	Ordinary share	398,189	10.00	September 30, 2014	December 8, 2014

(2) Of dividends for which the base date belongs to the current consolidated fiscal year, those that come into effect in the following consolidated fiscal year

Resolution	Kind of share	Total amount of dividend (1,000 yen)	Amount of dividend per share (yen)	Base date	Effective date
Annual shareholders' meeting to be held on June 26, 2015	Ordinary share	398,173	10.00	March 31, 2015	June 29, 2015

Fiscal resource of dividends is planned to be retained earnings.

V. Notes to Financial Instruments

1. Matters relating to status of financial instruments

The Group limits its investment of funds to short-term deposits only, and the required funds are procured from financial institutions such as banks

Credit risks of customers relating to notes and accounts receivable-trade are mitigated in line with the credit management regulations. Investment securities consist mainly of shares, and the market values of listed shares are reviewed in each quarterly period. Borrowings are used for the working capital (mainly short-term) and capital investment funds (long-term), and interest swap transactions are made for a part of long-term borrowings in order to fix the interest expense against the risk of interest rate fluctuations. Derivative transactions are made within the scope of actual demand in accordance with the internal management regulations.

2. Matters relating to market values, etc. of financial instruments

Consolidated balance sheet amounts, market values and differences as of March 31, 2015 are as follows:

(Unit: 1,000 yen)

	Consolidated		·
	balance sheet	Market value (*)	Difference
	amount (*)		
(1) Cash and deposits	13,001,801	13,001,801	_
(2) Notes and accounts receivable-trade	24,056,431	24,056,431	_
(3) Investment securities	2,569,636	2,569,636	_
(4) Notes and accounts payable-trade	(6,727,599)	(6,727,599)	_
(5) Electronically recorded obligations - operating	(8,754,378)	(8,754,378)	_
(6) Short-term borrowings	(8,623,421)	(8,623,421)	_
(7) Long-term borrowings (including amounts scheduled to be repaid within one year)	(21,699,462)	(21,703,312)	(3,849)
(8) Electronically recorded obligations - non-operating	(1,141,544)	(1,141,544)	_
(9) Lease liabilities	(643,162)	(650,493)	(7,330)

^(*) Items recorded in liabilities are shown by ().

(Note 1) Matters relating to the method of calculation of market values of financial instruments, and securities and derivative transactions

- (1) Cash and deposits and (2) Notes and accounts receivable-trade
 - These are stated at their carrying values because they are settled in a short period and their market values are almost equal to their carrying values.
- (3) Investment securities
- Market values of investment securities are based on quotations in the stock exchange, and the market values of debentures are calculated based on the present values obtained by discounting the total amount of principal by a rate determined in consideration of the remaining period of such debentures.
- (4) Notes and accounts payable-trade, (5) Electronically recorded obligations operating, (6) Short-term borrowings and (8) Electronically recorded obligations non-operating
 - These are stated at their carrying values because they are settled in a short period and their market values are almost equal to their carrying values.
- $(7) \ Long-term \ borrowings \ (including \ amounts \ scheduled \ to \ be \ repaid \ within \ one \ year) \ and \ (9) \ Lease \ liabilities$

Market values of these items are calculated by discounting the total amount of principal and interest by a rate that is assumed if the same transaction were newly made. Long-term borrowings subject to the special treatment of interest rate swaps and their market values are calculated by discounting the amount of principal and interest treated as a unit with such interest rate swaps, by a rate reasonably estimated and applicable if the same borrowings were newly made.

(Note 2) Since it is considered extremely difficult to obtain the market values of unlisted stocks (consolidated balance sheet amount of 901,873 thousand yen) because their market quotations are not available and their future cash flows cannot be estimated, they are not included in "(3) Investment securities."

VI. Notes to Rental Properties

1. Matters relating to the status of rental properties

The Group owns rental properties in Nagoya city and other districts.

2. Matters relating to market values of rental properties

(Unit: 1,000 yen)

Consolidated balance sheet amount	Market value
774,097	4,839,239

- (Notes) 1. The amount recorded in the consolidated balance sheet represents the acquisition cost deducted by accumulated amount of depreciation and accumulated impairment loss.
 - $2. \ \ The \ market \ value \ at the \ balance \ sheet \ date \ represents \ an \ amount \ principally \ based \ on the \ "real-estate \ appraisal \ standards."$

VII. Notes to Per Share Information

1. Amount of net assets per share

1,094.54 yen

2. Net income per share

112.00 yen

Non-Consolidated Balance Sheet

(As of March 31, 2015)

(Unit: 1,000 Yen)

Account Amount Account Amount Account Amount Current assets 39,436,581 4,734,078 Accounts payable-trade 23,797,113 5,698,299 10,882,877 10,400,360 Accounts payable-trade 24,784,078 Accounts payable-trade 24,784,078 Accounts payable-trade 25,698,299 10,882,877 10,400,360 Accounts payable-trade 24,784,078 Accounts payable-tr	Assets Liabilities				
Current assets		Amount		Amount	
Accounts payable-trade	Current assets	39,436,581	Current liabilities		
Notes receivable-trade	Cash and deposits				
Merchandise and finished goods 1.959.670 3.491.475 Cheer accounts payable 1.489.780 Cheer accounts payable 1	Notes receivable-trade	1,690,059			
Work in process Raw materials and supplies 1,489,780	Accounts receivable-trade				
Raw materials and supplies Prepaid expenses Deferred tax assets Short-term loans to affiliated companies Accounts receivable form substidiaries and associates Ray 1,34,345 Accrued expenses Shi 1,50,978 Accounts receivable form substidiaries and associates Ray 1,34,345 Accrued expenses Ray 3,43 Accrued expenses Shi 1,50,978 Accounts received G.233 Accrued expenses Shi 1,50,978 Accrued income taxes Accrued expenses Shi 1,50,978 Accrued income taxes Accrued expenses Shi 1,50,978 Accrued expenses Shi 1,50,978 Accrued expenses Accrued expenses 56,054 Accrued expenses Accrued expenses Shi 1,50,978 Accrued expenses Accrued expenses Shi 1,50,978 Accrued expenses Accrued expenses Shi 1,50,978 Accrued expenses Shi 1,50,978 Accrued expenses Shi 1,50,978 Accrued expenses Accrued expenses Shi 1,50,978 Accrued expenses Accrued expenses Shi 1,50,978 Accrued expenses Shi 1,50,978 Accrued expenses	Merchandise and finished goods	1,959,670	Lease liabilities		
Raw materials and supplies Prepaid expenses Prepaid expenses Deferred tax assets Short-term loans to affiliated companies Accounts receivable-other Others Accounts receivable other Others Allowance for doubtful accounts Stied assets Accrued income taxes Accrued expenses Accrued income taxes Accrued expenses Accrued expenses Accrued income taxes Accrued expenses Accrued expenses Accrued income taxes Accrued expenses Accrued income taxes Accrued expenses Accrued income taxes Accrued expen	Work in process	3,491,475	Other accounts payable	1,489,780	
Deferred tax assets Short-term loans to affiliated companies Accounts receivable other Others Allowance for doubtful accounts Fixed assets Tangible fixed assets Buildings Structures Machinery and equipment Cars and carriers Tools, furniture and fixtures Land Lease assets Construction in progress Intangible fixed assets Intangible fixed assets Sight for using facilities Others Allowance for doubtful accounts Investments and other assets Investments and other assets Investments of capital in affiliated companies Long-term loans to employees Long-term loans to ecivable from substidiaries and associates Bankruptcy and reorganization claims, etc. Long-term prepaid expenses Others Allowance for doubtful accounts Deposits received Unearned revenue 22,017 Reserve for bonuses Electronically recorded obligations non-operating Others Non-current liabilities Others Non-current liabilities Long-term borrowings Lease liabilities Cong-term decounts payable Reserve for retirement benefits Deferred tax liabilities Non-current liabilities Long-term borrowings Lease liabilities Provision for environmental measures Asset retirement obligations 1,810,900 316,988 Lease liabilities Cong-term decounts payable Reserve for retirement benefits Deferred tax liabilities Sides liabilities Sid	Raw materials and supplies		Accrued expenses		
Deferred tax assets Short-term loans to affiliated companies Accounts receivable-other Others Allowance for doubtful accounts Fixed assets Tangible fixed assets Buildings Structures Machinery and equipment Cars and carriers Tools, furniture and fixtures Land Lease assets Construction in progress Land Lease assets Construction in progress Intangible fixed assets Right for using facilities Others Investments and other assets Investments and other assets Investments of capital in affiliated companies Long-term loans to employees Long-term loans to employees Long-term loans to employees Companies Others Allowance for doubtful accounts Accounts received 1,841,834 2,764,062 98,762 89,762 98,762 14,957,320 3,673,789 5,855,913 11,186 292,980 3,633,137 604,381 604,381 292,980 3,633,137 604,381 604,381 604,381 604,381 Construction in progress Intengible fixed assets Software Lease assets Lease assets Right for using facilities Others Allowance for doubtful accounts Investments and other assets Investments of capital in affiliated companies Long-term loans receivable from substidiaries and associates Bankruptcy and reorganization claims, etc. Long-term loans to employees Long-term loans receivable from substidiaries and associates Bankruptcy and reorganization claims, etc. Long-term loans to enerolable from substidiaries and associates Bankruptcy and reorganization claims, etc. Long-term prepaid expenses Prepaid pension expenses Others Allowance for doubtful accounts Total Net Assets 39,301,630	Prepaid expenses	136,485	Accrued income taxes	1,150,978	
Accounts receivable-other Others 2,764,062 98,762 (400) Reserve for houses 147,000 149,573.20 149,573.20 Structures 534,907 Sand carriers 11,186 12,29,187 13,943,884 13,943,884 13,0988 14,957,320 14,257,320 1,458,004 14,257,320 14,257,320 14,257,320 14,257,320 1,458,004 14,257,320 14,257,320 14,257,320 14,257,320 1,458,004 14,257,320 14,257,320 14,257,320 14,257,320 1,458,004 14,257,320 14,257,320 14,257,320 14,257,320 1,458,004 14,257,320 14,257,320 14,257,320 14,257,320 1,458,004 14,257,320 14,257,320 14,257,320 14,257,320 1,257,320		851,653	Advances received		
Accounts receivable-other Others 2,764,062 98,762 (400) Reserve for houses 147,000 149,573.20 149,573.20 Structures 534,907 Sand carriers 11,186 12,29,187 13,943,884 13,943,884 13,0988 14,957,320 14,257,320 1,458,004 14,257,320 14,257,320 14,257,320 14,257,320 1,458,004 14,257,320 14,257,320 14,257,320 14,257,320 1,458,004 14,257,320 14,257,320 14,257,320 14,257,320 1,458,004 14,257,320 14,257,320 14,257,320 14,257,320 1,458,004 14,257,320 14,257,320 14,257,320 14,257,320 1,458,004 14,257,320 14,257,320 14,257,320 14,257,320 1,257,320	Short-term loans to affiliated companies	1,841,834	Deposits received	56,054	
Allowance for doubtful accounts Fixed assets Tangible fixed assets Buildings Structures Machinery and equipment Cars and carriers Tools, furniture and fixtures Land Lease assets Construction in progress Intangible fixed assets Right for using facilities Others Investments and other assets Investments of capital in affiliated companies Investments of capital in affiliated companies Long-term loans to employees Long-term loans receivable from subsidiarries and associates Bankruptey and reorganization claims, etc. Long-term loans receivable from subsidiarries and associates Bankruptey and reorganization claims, etc. Long-term prepaid expenses Prepaid pension expenses Others Allowance for doubtful accounts (400) 37,606,046 14,957,320 3,673,789 534,907 5,855,913 11,186 292,980 3,633,187 5,855,913 11,186 292,980 3,633,137 60c,046 14,957,320 0 Others Non-current liabilities Long-term accounts payable Reserve for retirement benefits 9,280 Asset retirement obligations 1,300,000 1,300,000 1,300,000 1,200,1186 1,957,320 1,964,381 1,964 1,957,320 1,964,397 1,964,381 1,970 1,944,245 1,950 1,964,245 1,964,905 1,964,9	Accounts receivable-other	2,764,062	Unearned revenue	22,017	
Fixed assets Tangible fixed assets Buildings Structures Machinery and equipment Cars and carriers Tools, furniture and fixtures Land Lease assets Construction in progress Asset retirement benefits Construction in progress Asset retirement benefits Construction in progress Asset retirement obligations Asset r	Others	98,762	Reserve for bonuses	1,115,991	
Fixed assets Tangible fixed assets Buildings Structures Machinery and equipment Cars and carriers Tools, furniture and fixtures Land Lease assets Construction in progress Intangible fixed assets Software Lease assets Right for using facilities Others Investments and other assets Investments securities Stocks of affiliated companies Investments of capital in affiliated companies Long-term loans to employees Long-term loans receivable from subsidiaries and associates Bankruptey and reorganization claims, etc. Long-term loans receivable from subsidiaries and associates Bankruptey and reorganization claims, etc. Long-term prepaid expenses Prepaid pension expenses Others Total Net Assets 1,960,046 14,957,320 3,673,789 5,855,913 11,186 22,980 11,186 12,967 13,000,000 13,000,000 13,000,000 13,000,000 13,000,000 14,000,131 10,001,131 10,001,131 10,001,101 11,186 11,186 12,943,884 12,948 12,949 12,940 13,943,884 12,002 14,943,184 12,002 13,000,000 14,001,101 11,186 12,943,884 12,007 12,940,101 11,186 12,943,884 12,949 12,940,101 12,941 13,943,884 12,007 14,001,101 11,186 12,943,884 12,007 12,940,101 13,102 14,111 14,11 14,11	Allowance for doubtful accounts	(400)	Reserve for Directors' bonuses	147,000	
Tangible fixed assets Buildings Structures Structures Structures Machinery and equipment Cars and carriers Land Land Land Construction in progress Intangible fixed assets Lease liabilities Total Liabilities Provision for environmental measures Asset retirement obligations Others Investments and other assets Investments securities Investments of capital in affiliated companies Investments of capital in affiliated companies Investments of capital in affiliated companies Long-term loans to employees Long-term loans to employees Long-term loans receivable from subsidiaries and associates Bankruptey and reorganization claims, etc. Long-term prepaid expenses Prepaid pension expenses Others Allowance for doubtful accounts 37,606,046 14,957,320 Others Son-current liabilities Non-current liabilities Long-term borrowings Long-term borrowings Long-term borrowings Long-term borrowings Long-term thenefits Deferred tax liabilities 62,166 Provision for environmental measures Asset retirement obligations Others Stockholders' equity Capital stock Capital surplus Capital surplus Capital surplus Other capital surplus Other capital surplus Other capital surplus Other retained earnings Other re		` ′	Electronically recorded obligations -	-	
Tangible fixed assets Buildings Structures Machinery and equipment Cars and carriers Tools, furniture and fixtures Land Lease assets Construction in progress Intangible fixed assets Software Lease assets Cothers Investments and other assets Investments courities Investment securities Stocks of affiliated companies Investments of capital in affiliated companies Long-term loans receivable from subsidiaries and associates Bankruptey and reorganization claims, etc. Long-term propaid expenses Prepaid pension expenses Others Total Net Assets 14,957,320 3,673,789 534,907 5,855,913 11,186 Lease liabilities Long-term borrowings Lease liabilities Long-term accounts payable Reserve for retirement benefits Deferred tax liabilities Conferred tax liabilities Deferred tax liabilities Provision for environmental measures Asset retirement obligations Others Total Liabilities Non-current liabilities Lease liabilities Conferred tax liabilities Deferred tax liabilities Software Reserve for retirement benefits Deferred tax liabilities Others Total Liabilities Total Liabili	Fixed assets	37,606,046		803,285	
Structures Machinery and equipment Cars and carriers Tools, furniture and fixtures Land Lease assets Construction in progress Intangible fixed assets Software Lease assets Right for using facilities Investments and other assets Investment securities Investment securities Investment of capital in affiliated companies Long-term loans to employees Long-term loans to employees Long-term loans to employees Long-term loans receivable from subsidiaries and associates Bankruptey and equipment Server for retirement benefits 604,381 Deferred tax liabilities Total Liabilities 787,129 Stocks of affiliated companies Investments of capital in affiliated companies Long-term loans to employees Long-term loans to employees Long-term loans receivable from subsidiaries and associates Bankruptey and equipment Server for compressed entry of fixed assets Investment securities Stockholders' equity Capital surplus Total Liabilities 13,943,884 Long-term borrowings Long-term accounts payable 210,544 Reserve for retirement benefits 62,166 Provision for environmental measures Asset retirement obligations Others Stockholders' equity Capital stock Capital surplus Total Liabilities 37,740,998 Reserve for companies Casinalities Other capital surplus Capita	Tangible fixed assets			791	
Structures Machinery and equipment Cars and carriers Tools, furniture and fixtures Land Lease assets Construction in progress Intangible fixed assets Software Lease assets Right for using facilities Investments and other assets Investment securities Investment securities Investment of capital in affiliated companies Long-term loans to employees Long-term loans to employees Long-term loans to employees Long-term loans receivable from subsidiaries and associates Bankruptey and equipment Server for retirement benefits 604,381 Deferred tax liabilities Total Liabilities 787,129 Stocks of affiliated companies Investments of capital in affiliated companies Long-term loans to employees Long-term loans to employees Long-term loans receivable from subsidiaries and associates Bankruptey and equipment Server for compressed entry of fixed assets Investment securities Stockholders' equity Capital surplus Total Liabilities 13,943,884 Long-term borrowings Long-term accounts payable 210,544 Reserve for retirement benefits 62,166 Provision for environmental measures Asset retirement obligations Others Stockholders' equity Capital stock Capital surplus Total Liabilities 37,740,998 Reserve for companies Casinalities Other capital surplus Capita					
Machinery and equipment Cars and carriers Tools, furniture and fixtures Land Lease assets Construction in progress Intangible fixed assets Software Lease assets Right for using facilities Others Investments and other assets Investments of apital in affiliated companies Long-term loans to employees Long-term loans to employees Long-term loans receivable from subsidiaries and associates Bankruptey and equipment Cars and carriers 292,980 3,639,137 604,381 Obegreed tax liabilities Contern to emproyement measures Asset retirement obligations Others 787,129 787,129 787,129 787,129 Total Liabilities Total Liabilities Total Liabilities 37,740,998 Total Liabilities 7,246,245 Capital stock Capital surplus Legal capital surplus Cother capital surplus Cother capital surplus Cother retained earnings Cother r	Structures		Non-current liabilities	13,943,884	
Tools, furniture and fixtures Land Lease assets Construction in progress Intangible fixed assets Software Lease assets Right for using facilities Others Investments and other assets Investment securities Investment securities Investments of capital in affiliated companies Investments of capital in affiliated companies Long-term loans to employees Long-term loans receivable from subsidiaries and associates Bankrupty and reorganization claims, etc. Long-term prepaid expenses Prepaid pension expenses Others Allowance for doubtful accounts Total Liabilities 1. Reserve for retirement benefits 1. Deferred tax liabilities 1. Sucholders 1. Reserve for retirement benefits 1. Deferred tax liabilities 1. Sucholders 1. Reserve for retirement benefits 1. Sucholders 1. Reserve for retirement benefits 1. Sucholders 1. Reserve for retirement benefits 1. Sucholders 1. Reserve for trirement benefits 1. Sucholders 1. Reserve for tax liabilities 1. Reserve for trirement benefits 1. Sucholders 1. Reserve for trirement benefits 1. Sucholders 1. Reserve for tax liabilities 1. Reserve for capital surplus 1. Aga,045 1. Stockholders 1. Reserve for compressed entry of fixed assets 1. Reserve for compres	Machinery and equipment	5,855,913	Long-term borrowings	10,300,000	
Land Lease assets Construction in progress Intangible fixed assets Software Lease assets Right for using facilities Others Investments and other assets Investments securities Stocks of affiliated companies Investments of capital in affiliated companies Long-term loans to employees Long-term loans receivable from subsidiaries and associates Bankruptcy and reorganization claims, etc. Long-term prepaid expenses Prepaid pension expenses Others Allowance for doubtful accounts 3,639,137 604,381 345,025 Provision for environmental measures Asset retirement obligations Others 787,129 383,248 48,120 Stockholders' equity Capital surplus 1,565,7 340,103 Capital surplus 1,458,004 17,000,000 5,181,197 5,226,346 17,000,000 5,181,197 5,243,243 Capital surplus Capital surplus Cher retained earnings Other capital surplus Other retained earnings Capital surplus Capital surplus Capital surplus Cher retained earnings Capital surplus Capital surplus Capital surplus Capital surplus Cher retained earnings Chercal reserve Capital surplus Chercal reserve for retirement benefits Col.166 C2,166 C2,16 C2,166 C2,16 C2,166 C2,16 C2,16 C2,10 Capital stock Capital surplus Capital stock Capital surplus Capital sur	Cars and carriers	11,186	Lease liabilities	316,988	
Lease assets Construction in progress Intangible fixed assets Software Lease assets Right for using facilities Others Investments and other assets Investments ecurities Stocks of affiliated companies Investments of capital in affiliated companies Long-term loans to employees Long-term loans receivable from subsidiaries and associates Bankruptcy and reorganization claims, etc. Long-term prepaid expenses Prepaid pension expenses Others Allowance for doubtful accounts Go4,381	Tools, furniture and fixtures	292,980	Long-term accounts payable	210,544	
Construction in progress 345,025 Provision for environmental measures Asset retirement obligations Others 383,248 Total Liabilities 37,740,998	Land	3,639,137	Reserve for retirement benefits	3,002,133	
Intangible fixed assets Software Lease assets Right for using facilities Others Investments and other assets Investments of capital in affiliated companies Investments of capital in affiliated companies Long-term loans to employees Long-term loans receivable from subsidiaries and associates Bankruptcy and reorganization claims, etc. Long-term prepaid expenses Prepaid pension expenses Others Asset retirement obligations Others Total Liabilities Total Liabilities Total Liabilities Total Liabilities Total Stock Capital surplus Total Stock Capital surplus Total Stock Capital surplus Total Capital surplus 297,150 Capital surplus Retained earnings Cother capital surplus 24,382,645 Total Capital surplus 25,865 Retained earnings 21,861,595 Total Capital surplus 24,382,645 Total Capital surplus 24	Lease assets	604,381	Deferred tax liabilities	62,166	
Intangible fixed assets Software Lease assets Right for using facilities Others Investments and other assets Investment securities Stocks of affiliated companies Investments of capital in affiliated companies Long-term loans to employees Long-term loans receivable from subsidiaries and associates Bankruptey and reorganization claims, etc. Long-term prepaid expenses Prepaid pension expenses Others Allowance for doubtful accounts 787,129 383,248 48,120 15,657 340,103 Stockholders' equity Capital stock Capital surplus Ca	Construction in progress	345,025	Provision for environmental measures	9,280	
Software Lease assets Right for using facilities Others Others Investments and other assets Investment securities Stocks of affiliated companies Investments of capital in affiliated companies Long-term loans to employees Long-term loans receivable from subsidiaries and associates Bankruptcy and reorganization claims, etc. Long-term prepaid expenses Prepaid pension expenses Others Allowance for doubtful accounts Allowance for doubtful accounts 383,248 48,120 Net Assets Stockholders' equity Capital stock Capital surplus 1,946,245 2,058,927 10,035,295 7,526,346 2,058,927 10,035,295 7,526,346 2,058,927 10,035,295 7,526,346 2,083 6,098 1,093,268 1,093,268 1,093,268 (13,123) Total Net Assets 38,182,056 7,273,178 7,649,095 24,382,645 24,382,645 General reserve Retained earnings Other retained earnings Other retained earnings 1,458,004 17,000,000 17,409,095 1,946,245 17,649,095 24,382,645 17,409,98 18,120 18,123,056 18,124,056 19,46,245 11,458,004 11,45			Asset retirement obligations	1,800	
Lease assets Right for using facilities Others Investments and other assets Investment securities Stocks of affiliated companies Investments of capital in affiliated companies Long-term loans to employees Long-term loans receivable from subsidiaries and associates Bankruptcy and reorganization claims, etc. Long-term prepaid expenses Prepaid pension expenses Others Allowance for doubtful accounts A 8,120 15,657 340,103 21,861,595 2,058,927 10,035,295 7,526,346 30,544 25,865 2,088 6,098 1,096,290 1,093,268 (13,123) A 8,182,056 7,273,178 Capital surplus 1,649,095 0ther capital surplus 297,150 24,382,645 743,443 Other retained earnings 23,639,201 17,000,000 17,000,000 17,000,000 17,000,000 17,000,000 17,000,000 17,000,000 17,000,000 17,000,000 17,000,000 17,119,573 1,119,573 1,119,573 1,119,573	Intangible fixed assets		Others		
Right for using facilities Others Others 15,657 340,103 Investments and other assets Investment securities Stocks of affiliated companies Investments of capital in affiliated companies Long-term loans to employees Long-term loans receivable from subsidiaries and associates Bankruptcy and reorganization claims, etc. Long-term prepaid expenses Prepaid pension expenses Others Allowance for doubtful accounts 15,657 340,103 21,861,595 2,058,927 10,035,295 7,526,346 30,544 25,865 2,083 6,098 1,096,290 1,093,268 (13,123) Total Net Assets 38,182,056 7,273,178 7,946,245 7,649,095 0ther capital surplus 297,150 0ther retained earnings Cheer capital surplus 297,150 24,382,645 743,443 23,639,201 17,000,000 17,000	15 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		Total Liabilities	37,740,998	
Others Investments and other assets Investment securities Stocks of affiliated companies Investments of capital in affiliated companies Long-term loans to employees Long-term loans receivable from subsidiaries and associates Bankruptey and reorganization claims, etc. Long-term prepaid expenses Prepaid pension expenses Others Allowance for doubtful accounts 340,103 21,861,595 2,058,927 10,035,295 7,526,346 25,865 2,083 6,098 1,096,290 1,093,268 (13,123) Capital stock Capital surplus Capital surplus Capital surplus Cother capital surplus Cother capital surplus Capit			Net Assets		
Investments and other assets Investment securities Stocks of affiliated companies Investments of capital in affiliated companies Long-term loans to employees Long-term loans receivable from subsidiaries and associates Bankruptcy and reorganization claims, etc. Long-term prepaid expenses Prepaid pension expenses Others Allowance for doubtful accounts 21,861,595 2,058,927 10,035,295 7,526,346 30,544 25,865 2,083 6,098 1,096,290 1,093,268 (13,123) Capital surplus Legal capital surplus Cher capital surplus Ctapital surpl			Stockholders' equity	38,182,056	
Investments and other assets Investment securities Stocks of affiliated companies Investments of capital in affiliated companies Long-term loans to employees Long-term loans receivable from subsidiaries and associates Bankruptcy and reorganization claims, etc. Long-term prepaid expenses Prepaid pension expenses Others Allowance for doubtful accounts 21,861,595 2,058,927 10,035,295 7,526,346 30,544 25,865 2,083 6,098 1,096,290 1,093,268 (13,123) Legal capital surplus Other capital surplus Other capital surplus Other retained earnings Cher retained earnings Other retained earnings Presserve for compressed entry of fixed assets General reserve Retained earnings Treasury stocks Valuation, translation adjustments and other Net unrealized gain (loss) on securities Total Net Assets 39,301,630	Others	340,103		7,273,178	
Investment securities Stocks of affiliated companies Investments of capital in affiliated companies Long-term loans to employees Long-term loans receivable from subsidiaries and associates Bankruptcy and reorganization claims, etc. Long-term prepaid expenses Prepaid pension expenses Others Allowance for doubtful accounts 2,058,927 10,035,295 7,526,346 30,544 25,865 2,083 6,098 1,096,290 1,093,268 (13,123) Total Net Assets 39,301,630			Capital surplus	7,946,245	
Stocks of affiliated companies Investments of capital in affiliated companies Long-term loans to employees Long-term loans receivable from subsidiaries and associates Bankruptcy and reorganization claims, etc. Long-term prepaid expenses Prepaid pension expenses Others Allowance for doubtful accounts 10,035,295 7,526,346 30,544 25,865 2,083 6,098 1,096,290 1,093,268 (13,123) Retained earnings Other retained earnings Other retained earnings Prepaid earnings Congrater learnings Prepaid earnings Other retained earnings Prepaid earnings Other retained earnings Prepaid earnings Prepaid earnings Other retained earnings Prepaid earnings Other retained earnings Prepaid earnings Other retained earnings Prepaid earnings Prepaid earnings Prepaid earnings Other retained earnings Prepaid earnings Other retained earnings Prepaid earnings Other retained earnings Prepaid earnings Prepaid earnings Prepaid earnings Other retained earnings Prepaid earnings Prepaid earnings Other retained earnings Prepaid earning					
Investments of capital in affiliated companies Long-term loans to employees Long-term loans receivable from subsidiaries and associates Bankruptcy and reorganization claims, etc. Long-term prepaid expenses Prepaid pension expenses Others Allowance for doubtful accounts Allowance for doubtful ac				297,150	
companies Long-term loans to employees Long-term loans receivable from subsidiaries and associates Bankruptey and reorganization claims, etc. Long-term prepaid expenses Prepaid pension expenses Others Allowance for doubtful accounts 7,326,346 30,544 25,865 2,083 6,098 1,096,290 1,093,268 (13,123) Total Net Assets 23,639,201 1,458,004 17,000,000 5,181,197 (1,420,012) 1,119,573 1,119,573		10,035,295			
Companies Long-term loans to employees Long-term loans receivable from subsidiaries and associates Bankruptey and reorganization claims, etc. Long-term prepaid expenses Prepaid pension expenses Others Allowance for doubtful accounts Allowance for doubtful accounts Other retained earnings Reserve for compressed entry of fixed assets General reserve Retained earnings rought forward Treasury stocks Valuation, translation adjustments and other Net unrealized gain (loss) on securities Total Net Assets 30,544 25,865 2,083 6,098 1,096,290 1,093,268 (13,123) Total Net Assets 39,301,630		7.526.346			
Long-term loans receivable from subsidiaries and associates Bankruptcy and reorganization claims, etc. Long-term prepaid expenses Prepaid pension expenses Others Allowance for doubtful accounts 25,865 2,083 6,098 1,096,290 1,093,268 (13,123) General reserve Retained earnings brought forward Treasury stocks Valuation, translation adjustments and other Net unrealized gain (loss) on securities 17,000,000 5,181,197 (1,420,012) 1,119,573 1,119,573 Total Net Assets 39,301,630		, ,			
subsidiaries and associates Bankruptcy and reorganization claims, etc. Long-term prepaid expenses Prepaid pension expenses Others Allowance for doubtful accounts 2,083 6,098 1,096,290 1,093,268 (13,123) Retained earnings brought forward Treasury stocks Valuation, translation adjustments and other Net unrealized gain (loss) on securities 1,119,573 1,119,573 1,119,573		,			
Long-term prepaid expenses Prepaid pension expenses Others Allowance for doubtful accounts 6,098 1,096,290 1,093,268 (13,123) Valuation, translation adjustments and other Net unrealized gain (loss) on securities 1,119,573 1,119,573 1,119,573 Total Net Assets 39,301,630		1	Retained earnings brought forward	5,181,197	
Prepaid pension expenses Others Allowance for doubtful accounts 1,096,290 1,093,268 (13,123) Net unrealized gain (loss) on securities 1,119,573 Total Net Assets 39,301,630					
Others Allowance for doubtful accounts 1,093,268 (13,123) Total Net Assets 39,301,630					
Allowance for doubtful accounts (13,123) Total Net Assets 39,301,630		, ,	Net unrealized gain (loss) on securities	1,119,573	
Total Net Assets 39,301,630		1,093,268			
Total Net Assets 39,301,630	Allowance for doubtful accounts	(13.123)			
		(10,120)			
, ,					
Total Assets 77,042,628 Total Liabilities and Net Assets 77,042,628			Total Net Assets	39,301,630	

(Note) Amounts are presented by rounding down fractions under 1,000 yen.

Non-Consolidated Statement of Income

From: April 1, 2014 To: March 31, 2015

(Unit: 1,000 Yen)

Account	Amour	t (Unit: 1,000 Ten)
Net sales	Amour	67,269,447
Cost of sales		52,975,243
Gross profit on sales		14,294,203
Selling, general and administrative expenses		8,997,696
Operating income		5,296,507
Non-operating income		
Interest and dividend income	703,389	
Proceeds on sale of scraps	273,475	
Others	312,488	1,289,353
Non-operating expenses		
Interest expense	105,140	
Retirement benefit expenses	199,283	
Foreign exchange losses	21,649	
Others	39,046	365,119
Ordinary income		6,220,742
Extraordinary gains		
Subsidy income	300,000	300,000
Extraordinary losses		
Loss on valuation of stocks of affiliated	388,757	388,757
companies	300,737	300,737
Income before income taxes		6,131,984
Corporation tax, inhabitant tax and business tax	1,907,489	
Income taxes-deferred	223,816	2,131,306
Net income		4,000,678

(Note) Amounts are presented by rounding down fractions under 1,000 yen.

Non-Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity

From: April 1, 2014 To: March 31, 2015

(Unit: 1,000 Yen)

	Shareholders' equity				
		Capital s	Capital surplus		
	Capital stock	Legal capital surplus	Other capital surplus	Legal retained earnings	
Balance at the beginning of the current year	7,273,178	7,649,095	297,150	743,443	
Cumulative effects of changes in accounting policies					
Restated balance	7,273,178	7,649,095	297,150	743,443	
Changes during the current year					
Provision of reserve for advanced depreciation of non-current assets					
Reversal of reserve for compressed entry of fixed assets					
Reversal of general reserve					
Dividend of surplus					
Net income					
Acquisition of treasury stocks					
Changes (net) in items other than shareholders' equity during the current year					
Total changes during the current year	_		_	_	
Balance at the end of the current year	7,273,178	7,649,095	297,150	743,443	

(Unit: 1,000 Yen)

	Shareholders' equity				
	Reta	ined earnings			
	Other 1	etained earni	ngs	1 _	Total
	Reserve for compressed entry of fixed assets	General reserve	Retained earnings brought forward	Treasury stocks	shareholders' equity
Balance at the beginning of the current year	1,210,954	15,000,000	4,422,589	(1,411,900)	35,184,511
Cumulative effects of changes in accounting policies			(198,596)		(198,596)
Restated balance	1,210,954	15,000,000	4,223,993	(1,411,900)	34,985,914
Changes during the current year					
Provision of reserve for advanced depreciation of non-current assets	257,208		(257,208)		_
Reversal of reserve for compressed entry of fixed assets	(10,159)		10,159		_
Reversal of general reserve		2,000,000	(2,000,000)		_
Dividend of surplus			(796,424)		(796,424)
Net income			4,000,678		4,000,678
Acquisition of treasury stocks				(8,112)	(8,112)
Changes (net) in items other than shareholders' equity during the current year					
Total changes during the current year	247,049	2,000,000	957,204	(8,112)	3,196,141
Balance at the end of the current year	1,458,004	17,000,000	5,181,197	(1,420,012)	38,182,056

(Unit: 1,000 Yen)

			(Unit: 1,000 Yen)
	Valuation, translation	adjustments and other	
	Net unrealized gain (loss) on securities	Total valuation, translation adjustments and other	Total net assets
Balance at the beginning of the current year	855,276	855,276	36,039,787
Cumulative effects of changes in accounting policies			(198,596)
Restated balance	855,276	855,276	35,841,191
Changes during the current year			
Provision of reserve for advanced depreciation of non-current assets			_
Reversal of reserve for compressed entry of fixed assets			_
Reversal of general reserve			
Dividend of surplus			(796,424)
Net income			4,000,678
Acquisition of treasury stocks			(8,112)
Changes (net) in items other than shareholders' equity during the current year	264,297	264,297	264,297
Total changes during the current year	264,297	264,297	3,460,438
Balance at the end of the current year	1,119,573	1,119,573	39,301,630

(Note) Amounts are presented by rounding down fractions under 1,000 yen.

I. Matters Relating to Significant Accounting Policies

- 1. Basis and method of valuation of assets
- (1) Basis and method of valuation of securities
 - 1) Stocks of subsidiaries and

stocks of affiliated companies...... Stated at cost by the moving average method

2) Other securities

Securities with market value Stated at market value based on the market price, etc. at balance sheet date

(Valuation differences are included directly in net assets, and the net sales

value is calculated by the moving average method.)

Securities without market value

Stated at cost determined by the moving average method

(2) Basis and method of valuation of inventories

Basis of valuation is in accordance with the cost basis (method of writing down the carrying value based on any decreased profitability).

Merchandise and finished goods
 Work in process
 Gross average method

3) Raw materials Gross average method (Moving average method for a part of raw materials)

4) Supplies Moving average method

2. Method of depreciation of fixed assets

(1) Tangible fixed assets (excluding lease assets)

Straight-line method is used for buildings (excluding facilities annexed to buildings) acquired on or after April 1, 1998, and declining balance method is used for other tangible fixed assets. Useful lives for major assets are mainly as follows:

Buildings 3-50 years
Structures 7-60 years
Machinery and equipment 5-9 years
Cars and carriers 4-10 years
Tools, furniture and fixtures 2-20 years

(2) Intangible fixed assets (excluding lease assets)

Straight-line method is used. Useful life for software for in-house use is mainly 5 years, and useful lives for right of using facilities are mainly 15-20 years.

(3) Lease assets

• Lease assets relating to finance lease transactions which transfer the ownership of lease assets

The same depreciation method as applied to self-owned fixed assets is used.

Lease assets relating to finance lease transactions which do not transfer the ownership of lease assets
 Straight-line method based on the useful life equal to the lease period and residual value of zero is used.

3. Basis of recording reserves

(1) Allowance for doubtful accounts

In order to prepare for any losses by bad debt receivables, an amount estimated to be unrecoverable is provided based on the calculation of past actual bad debt ratio for general reserves and from reviewing the probability of recovery in individual cases for specific receivable where there is concern over claims.

(2) Reserve for bonuses

An amount corresponding to the period out of the estimated amount of bonuses payable to employees is provided.

(3) Reserve for Directors' bonuses

In order to prepare for future payment of Directors' bonuses, an estimated amount of bonuses payable is provided.

(4) Reserve for retirement benefits

When calculating retirement benefit obligation, the benefit formula basis is used to allocate estimated retirement benefits in the period up to the end of the current fiscal year.

A pro-rated amount of differences arising from accounting changes is expensed in 15 years.

Past service cost is recorded as an expense by a pro-rated amount by the straight-line method over the average remaining service years of employees at time of occurrence thereof.

For actuarial differences, an amount prorated by the straight-line method over the average remaining service years of employees at time of occurrence thereof in each fiscal year is expensed starting from the fiscal year that follows the fiscal year of occurrence.

In order to prepare for the payment of retirement benefits to operating officers, etc., an amount that would be required to be paid if all eligible officers retired at the balance sheet date is provided.

(Change in accounting policy)

Effective from the current fiscal year, the Company adopted the "Accounting Standard for Retirement Benefits" (ASBJ Statement No.26, issued on May 17, 2012, hereinafter "Retirement Benefits Accounting Standard") and the "Guidance on Accounting Standard for Retirement Benefits" (ASBJ Guidance No. 25, issued on March 26, 2015, hereinafter "Guidance on Retirement Benefits"), and reviewed the method of calculating retirement benefit obligation and service cost. Method of allocating estimated retirement benefits in the period up to the end of the current fiscal year has changed from the straight-line basis to the benefit formula basis, while the method of determining a discount rate has been changed from a method using the yield of bonds whose maturity period comes near the period determined based on the average remaining service years of employees to a method using the single weighted average discount rate that reflects estimated periods of retirement benefit payments and the payment amounts for each estimated payment period.

In accordance with transitional treatment as stipulated in Paragraph 37 of the Retirement Benefits Accounting Standard, and the effect of the change in calculation methods of retirement benefit obligation and service cost is recognized in retained earnings brought forward as of the beginning of the current fiscal year.

As a result, prepaid pension expenses and reserve for retirement benefits at the beginning of the current fiscal year increased by 254,288 thousand yen and 561,237 thousand yen, respectively, while retained earnings brought forward decreased by 198,596 thousand yen. The

effect of this change for the current fiscal year has a minor impact on operating income, ordinary income, and income before income taxes.

(5) Provision for environmental measures

In order to prepare for payment of disposal cost of PCB wastes required to be treated as stipulated by the "Act on Special Measures concerning Promotion of Proper Treatment of PCB Wastes," an estimated amount of disposal cost to be paid is provided.

4. Other significant matters which are the basis for the presentation of financial statements

(1) Standard for conversion of foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities into Japanese Yen

Foreign currency denominated receivables and payables are translated into Japanese Yen at the spot exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date, and the resulting exchange differences are recorded in gains or losses.

(2) Accounting method for hedges

1) Hedge accounting

Special treatment is applied to interest rate swaps when the conditions of special treatment are met.

2) Hedging instruments

Derivative transactions (interest rate swaps)

3) Hedged items

Items with possibility of losses due to market fluctuations, etc. and for which such market fluctuations, etc. are not reflected in their evaluation and items with fixed cash flow and for which such fluctuations are avoided.

4) Hedge policies

The Company adopts a policy of utilizing derivative transactions as hedging instruments only for the purpose of avoiding the risks to assets and liabilities exposed to risks of market fluctuations.

5) Evaluation of effectiveness of hedges

The judgment on the evaluation of the effectiveness at the balance sheet date is omitted because the conditions of special treatment of interest swaps are met.

(3) Accounting method for retirement benefits

The accounting method for unrecognized actuarial differences, unrecognized past service costs and differences arising from accounting changes that are yet to be recognized differs from the accounting method for the above items used in consolidated financial statements.

(4) Accounting treatment of consumption taxes

Consumption taxes are accounted for by the tax-excluded method.

II. Notes to Balance Sheet	
1. Accumulated amount of depreciation of tangible fixed assets	40,630,208 thousand yen
2. Monetary claims and monetary debts to/from affiliated compan	ios
Short-term monetary claims	10,881,994 thousand yen
•	•
Long-term monetary claims	465,093
Short-term monetary debts	6,006,556
3. Liabilities for guarantee	
(1) For employee housing loans, etc.	217,761 thousand yen
(2) For bank borrowings	
Daido Metal Czech s.r.o.	2,092,588
Daido Metal Kotor AD	398,779
Daido Industrial Bearings Europe Ltd.	1,887,542
Daido Metal Europe Ltd.	1,229,573
Daido Metal U.S.A. Inc.	2,163,060
Daido Metal Mexico S.A. de C.V.	3,364,760
Daido Precision Metal (Suzhou) Co., Ltd.	1,249,768
Daido Plain Bearings Co., Ltd.	372,900
Daido Metal Russia LLC	385,531
(3) For liabilities on purchases	
Daido Metal Kotor AD	71,094
(4) Relating to letter of awareness on management guidance, etc.	
submitted relating to bank borrowings	
Daido Industrial Bearings Europe Ltd.	80,623
Total	13,513,982

III. Notes to Statement of Income

Amount of transactions with affiliated companies

Operating transactions

Amount of sales 23,418,408 thousand yen
Amount of purchases 18,254,991 thousand yen
Transactions other than operating transactions 752,445 thousand yen

IV. Notes to Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity

Kinds and number of treasury stocks at the balance sheet date

Ordinary shares 5,139 thousand shares

V. Notes to Fixed Assets Used for Leases

Other than fixed assets recorded in the Balance Sheet, office equipment, manufacturing facilities, etc. are being used under finance lease contracts, which do not transfer the ownership of lease assets.

VI. Notes to Tax Effect Accounting

1. Breakdown of deferred tax assets and liabilities by major causes for occurrence

Deferred tax assets

Devaluation of finished goods and work in process	343,914 thousan	nd yen
Depreciation in excess of tax limit	62,445	
Impairment losses	178,945	
Accrued business tax	97,028	
Loss on valuation of stocks of affiliated companies	1,372,585	
Loss on valuation of golf club memberships	17,875	
Reserve for bonuses	368,277	
Reserve for retirement benefits	1,037,571	
Long-term accounts payable	61,238	
Others	140,195	
Sub-total of deferred tax assets	3,680,076	
Valuation reserves	(1,685,301)	
Total deferred tax assets	1,994,774	
Deferred tax liabilities		
Reserve for compressed entry of fixed assets	(692,634)	
Unrealized gain (loss) on securities	(511,707)	
Others	(944)	
Total deferred tax liabilities	(1,205,287)	
Net deferred tax assets	789,487	

2. Revision to the amount of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities due to changes in the rate of income taxes Following the promulgation of "Act for Partial Amendment of the Income Tax Act, etc." (Act No.9 of 2015) and "Act for Partial Amendment of the Local Taxation Act, etc." (Act No.2 of 2015) on March 31, 2015, the corporation tax rate was lowered effective from the fiscal year beginning on or after April 1, 2015.

In accordance with this change, the statutory tax rate used for the calculation of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities has been changed from previous 35.3% to 33.0% for the temporary differences expected to be eliminated in the fiscal year beginning on April 1, 2015, and to 32.2% for the temporary differences expected to be eliminated in the fiscal year beginning on or after April 1, 2016, respectively.

As a result of this change, deferred tax assets (net of deferred tax liabilities) decreased by 52,219 thousand yen, while income taxes-deferred (debit) and unrealized gain (loss) on securities (credit) increased by 101,483 thousand yen and 49,263 thousand yen, respectively.

VII. Notes to Transactions with Related Parties

Subsidiaries and affiliated companies, etc.

Туре	Name of company, etc.	Ratio (%) of holding (held) of voting rights, etc.	Relation with related party	Content of transaction	Amount of transaction (1,000 yen) Note 11	Account	Balance at fiscal year end (1,000 yen) Note 11
Subsidiaries	Daido Metal Sales Co., Ltd.	(Holding) Direct 100.0	Sale of Company's products, rental of facilities, etc. and interlocking of officers	Sale of bearing products, etc. Note 1	3,559,411	Account receivable- trade	1,655,854
	NDC Co., Ltd.	(Holding) Direct 39.8	Purchase of Company's products, etc., consignment of manufacture of Company's products, sale of Company's products, etc., licensing of technology and lease of facilities	Purchase of bearing products, etc. Note 2	5,957,832	Account payable- trade	2,007,920
				Purchase of bearing products, etc. Note 2	7,926,059	Account payable-trade	978,310
	Daido Plain Bearings Co., Ltd.	(Holding) Direct 100.0	Consignment of manufacture of Company's products, lease of facilities, debt guarantees, etc. and interlocking of officers			Electronical ly recorded obligations- operating	2,558,417
				-	-	Accounts receivable- other	1,924,661
				Dividend income	300,000	-	-
			Sale of Company's products,	Sale of bearing products, etc. Note 1	6,090,491	Account receivable- trade	2,159,835
	Daido Metal U.S.A. Inc.	(Holding) Direct 100.0	etc., licensing of technology, rental of facilities, loans, debt guarantees and interlocking	Underwriting of capital increase Note 10	814,000	_	-
			of officers	Debt guarantees Note 3	2,163,060	-	-
	Daido Metal Mexico S.A. de C.V.	(Holding) Direct 99.9 (Holding) Indirect 0.0	Sale of Company's products, rental of facilities, loans, debt guarantees and interlocking of officers	Debt guarantees Note 4	3,364,760	-	-
	Daido Metal Czech s.r.o.	(Holding) Direct 100.0	Sale of Company's products, etc., purchase of Company's products, licensing of technology, rental of facilities, loans, debt guarantees, etc. and interlocking of officers	Debt guarantees Note 5	2,092,588	-	-
	Daido Industrial Bearings Europe Ltd.	(Holding) Direct 100.0	Sale of Company's products, purchase of Company's products, licensing of technology, rental of facilities, debt guarantees, etc. and interlocking of officers	Debt guarantees Note 6	1,968,165	-	-
	Daido Metal Europe	(Holding) Direct	Sale of Company's products, rental of facilities, debt guarantees, etc. and	Sale of bearing products, etc. Note 1 Debt	5,269,444	Account receivable- trade	1,820,931
	Ltd.	100.0	interlocking of officers	guarantees Note 7	1,229,573	-	_
	Dyna Metal Co., Ltd.	(Holding) Direct 50.0	Sale of Company's products, etc., purchase of Company's products, licensing of technology, rental of facilities and interlocking of officers	Dividend income	160,950	Accounts receivable- other	111,000
	Daido Precision Metal (Suzhou)	(Holding) Direct 74.0 (Holding) Indirect	Sale of Company's products, etc., purchase of Company's products, licensing of technology, rental of facilities, loans, debt	Loans Note 9	1,117,106	Short-term loans to affiliated companies	1,189,683
	Co., Ltd.	16.2	guarantees, etc. and interlocking of officers	guarantees Note 8	1,249,768	-	-

Transaction terms, policies for determination of transaction terms, etc.

⁽Note 1)

⁽Note 2)

⁽Note 3)

Transaction prices are amounts equal to sales prices to customers of each related party multiplied by fixed rates.

Transaction prices are principally amounts equal to sales prices to Company's customers multiplied by fixed rates.

Debt guarantees are provided for bank borrowings (2,163,060 thousand yen) of Daido Metal U.S.A. Inc. and guarantee fees of 0.2% per annum are received.

Debt guarantees are provided for bank borrowings (3,364,760 thousand yen) of Daido Metal Mexico S.A. de C.V. and guarantee fees of 0.2% per annum are received. (Note 4)

⁽Note 5) Debt guarantees are provided for bank borrowings (2,092,588 thousand yen) of Daido Metal Czech s.r.o. and guarantee fees of 0.2% per annum are received.

⁽Note 6) Debt guarantees are provided for bank borrowings (1,887,542 thousand yen) and management guidance promise notes (80,623 thousand yen) of Daido Industrial Bearings Europe Ltd. and guarantee fees of 0.2% per annum are received.

⁽Note 7) Debt guarantees are provided for bank borrowings (1,229,573 thousand yen) of Daido Metal Europe Ltd. and guarantee fees of 0.2% per annum are received.
(Note 8) Debt guarantees are provided for bank borrowings (1,249,768 thousand yen) of Daido Precision Metal (Suzhou) Co., Ltd. and guarantee fees of 0.2% per annum are received.
(Note 9) Loan interest rates are reasonably determined in consideration of market interest rates.
(Note 10) Underwriting of capital increase is the amount underwritten by the Company to strengthen the capital of Daido Metal U.S.A. Inc.

(Note 11) Consumption taxes are not included in the transaction amounts. Consumption taxes are included in fiscal year end balances.

VIII. Notes to Per Share Information

1. Net assets per share 987.04 yen

2. Net income per share 100.46 yen

Independent Auditor's Report on Audit of Consolidated Financial Statements

<u>Independent Auditor's Report on</u> <u>Consolidated Financial Statement Audit</u>

May 15, 2015

To the Board of Directors of Daido Metal Co., Ltd.

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu LLC

Designated Partner Engagement Partner	Certified Public Accountant	Norio Hattori	Seal
Designated Partner	Certified Public	Yasuteru	Seal
Engagement Partner	Accountant	Miura	

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements, i.e. consolidated balance sheet, consolidated statement of income, consolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity and significant matters that form the basis of presenting consolidated financial statements and other notes, of Daido Metal Co., Ltd. for the 107th fiscal year from April 1, 2014 to March 31, 2015, in accordance with Article 444, paragraph 4 of the Companies Act.

Management's responsibility for the consolidated financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in Japan. This includes the development, implementation, and maintenance of internal control deemed necessary by management for the preparation and fair presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Independent auditors' responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements based on our audits as independent auditors. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in Japan. Those auditing standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected and applied depend on our judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. The purpose of an audit is not to express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. However, in making those risk assessment, we consider internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used, the method of their application, and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Audit opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above, present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position and the results of operations of Daido Metal Co., Ltd. and its consolidated subsidiaries as of the date and for the period for which the consolidated financial statements were prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in Japan.

Interests in the Company

Neither our firm nor any of the engagement partners has any interest in the Company as required to be disclosed herein under the provisions of the Certified Public Accountant Act.

Notes to the Reader of Independent Auditor's Report:

The Independent Auditor's Report herein is the English translation of the Independent Auditor's Report as required by the Companies Act.

Independent Auditor's Report on Audit of Non-consolidated Financial Statements

<u>Independent Auditor's Report on</u> Non-consolidated Financial Statement Audit

May 15, 2015

To the Board of Directors of Daido Metal Co., Ltd.

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu LLC

Designated Partner Engagement Partner Accountant

Designated Partner Engagement Partner Accountant

Designated Partner Engagement Partner Accountant

Accountant

Yasuteru Miura Seal

We have audited the accompanying non-consolidated financial statements, i.e. balance sheet, statement of income, statement of changes in shareholders' equity, and the matters relating to significant accounting policies and other notes as well as the supporting schedules of Daido Metal Co., Ltd. for the 107th fiscal year from April 1, 2014 to March 31, 2015, in accordance with Article 436, paragraph 2, item 1 of the Companies Act.

Management's responsibility for the non-consolidated financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these non-consolidated financial statements and supporting schedules in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in Japan. This includes the development, implementation, and maintenance of internal control deemed necessary by management for the preparation and fair presentation of non-consolidated financial statements and supporting schedules that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Independent auditors' responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the non-consolidated financial statements and supporting schedules based on our audits as independent auditors. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in Japan. Those auditing standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the non-consolidated financial statements and supporting schedules are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the non-consolidated financial statements and supporting schedules. The procedures selected and applied depend on our judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the non-consolidated financial statements and supporting schedules, whether due to fraud or error. The purpose of an audit is not to express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. However, in making those risk assessment, we consider internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and fair presentation of the non-consolidated financial statements and supporting schedules in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used, the method of their application, and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the non-consolidated financial statements and supporting schedules.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Audit opinion

In our opinion, the non-consolidated financial statements and supporting schedules referred to above, present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position and the results of operations of the Company as of the date and for the period for which the non-consolidated financial statements and supporting schedules were prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in Japan.

Interests in the Company

Neither our firm nor any of the engagement partners has any interest in the Company as required to be disclosed herein under the provisions of the Certified Public Accountant Act.

Notes to the Reader of Independent Auditor's Report:

The Independent Auditor's Report herein is the English translation of the Independent Auditor's Report as required by the Companies Act.

Audit Report by Audit & Supervisory Board

Audit Report

The Audit & Supervisory Board, upon deliberation, prepared this audit report regarding the performance of duties of the Directors of Daido Metal Co., Ltd. during the 107th fiscal year from April 1, 2014 to March 31, 2015, based on the audit reports prepared by each Audit & Supervisory Board Member, and hereby reports as follows:

1. Auditing Method Employed by Audit & Supervisory Board Members and the Audit & Supervisory Board and Details Thereof

The Audit & Supervisory Board established an auditing policy and auditing plans, including the assignment of the duties, etc., of each Audit & Supervisory Board Member, received from each Audit & Supervisory Board Member reports on the execution of audits and the results thereof and, in addition, received from the Directors, etc. and the Accounting Auditors reports on the performance of their duties and when necessary requested explanations regarding such reports

and, when necessary, requested explanations regarding such reports.

In accordance with the auditing standards for Audit & Supervisory Board Members established by the Audit & Supervisory Board, and based on the auditing policy and the assignment of duties, etc., each Audit & Supervisory Board Member has taken steps to facilitate communication with the Directors/Audit Center as well as other employees, and has endeavored to gather information and create an improved environment for auditing. Each Audit & Supervisory Board Member also attended meetings of the Board of Directors and other important meetings, received from the Directors, employees and other related persons reports on the performance of their duties and, when necessary, requested explanations regarding such reports. In addition, each Audit & Supervisory Board Member inspected important authorized documents and associated information, and examined the business and financial position of the Company at the head office and each major department of the Company. Furthermore, in terms of the content of resolutions made by the Board of Directors concerning the establishment of the systems provided in Article 100, paragraphs 1 and 3 of the Companies Act Enforcement Regulations to ensure that the performance of duties by the Directors, which are described in the business report, will be in compliance with laws and regulations of Japan and with the Company's Articles of Incorporation and other systems to ensure that the Company's operation will be conducted appropriately, as well as the status of such system established by such resolutions (internal control system), each Audit & Supervisory Board Member periodically received from Directors and employees reports on the status of development and operating situation of such systems and, when necessary, requested explanations regarding such reports and expressed the opinion. Regarding the basic policies prescribed in Article 118, item 3, a of the Companies Act Enforcement Regulations and each task prescribed in b of the same item, that are described in the business report, we studied the content thereof based on the deliberation at the board of Directors and other meetings. With respect to the major subsidiaries of the Company, each Director and Audit & Supervisory Board Member has taken steps to facilitate communication with the directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members and other related persons of the subsidiaries and to share information among them and, when necessary, received reports from the subsidiaries regarding their businesses. Based on the foregoing method, we examined the business report and the supplementary schedules for this fiscal year In addition, the Audit & Supervisory Board Members also audited and examined whether the independent auditors maintain their independence and carry out audits in an appropriate manner. The Audit & Supervisory Board Members received from the Accounting Auditors reports on the performance of their duties and, when necessary, requested explanations regarding those reports. The Audit & Supervisory Board Members also received notification from the Accounting Auditors that they have taken steps to improve the "System to Ensure Appropriate Execution of the Duties of the Accounting Auditors" (as enumerated in each item of Article 131 of the Company Calculation Regulations) in compliance with the "Quality Control Standards Relating to Auditing" (adopted by the Business Accounting Deliberation Council on October 28, 2005), etc. When necessary, the Audit & Supervisory Board Members requested explanations on such notification. Based on the foregoing method, the Audit & Supervisory Board Members reviewed the nonconsolidated financial statements for this fiscal year (non-consolidated balance sheet, non-consolidated statement of income, non-consolidated statements of changes in shareholders' equity) and supplementary schedules thereto and the consolidated financial statements for this fiscal year (consolidated balance sheet, consolidated statement of income, consolidated statements of changes in shareholder's equity)

2. Results of Audit

- (1) Audit Results on the Business Report, etc.
 - a. In our opinion, the business report and the supplementary schedules fairly represent the Company's condition in conformity with the applicable laws and regulations of Japan as well as the Articles of Incorporation of the Company.
 - b. With respect to the execution of duties by the Directors, we have found no evidence of misconduct or material facts in violation of the applicable laws and regulations of Japan or the Articles of Incorporation of the Company in the course of the execution of duties of the Directors.
 - c. In our opinion, the content of the resolutions made by the Board of Directors regarding the internal control system is appropriate, and furthermore, we have not found anything to be pointed out on the content described in the business report and the performance of duties of the Directors concerning the internal control system.
 - d. There are no matters to be pointed out regarding the basic policies described in the business report, concerning the way of being of personnel that controls the Company's financial and business policies. We consider that each task of Article 118, item 3, b of the Companies Act Enforcement Regulations that is described in the business report is in line with the said basic policies, that it does not undermine the common interests of the Company's shareholders, and that it does not aim at maintaining the positions of the Company's officers.
- (2) Results of Audit of the Non-consolidated Financial Statements and Supplementary Schedules
 In our opinion, the method and results of the audit employed and rendered by Deloitte Touche
 Tohmatsu LLC and the Accounting Auditors of the Company are fair and reasonable.
- (3) Results of Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements In our opinion, the method and results of the audit employed and rendered by Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu LLC and the Accounting Auditors of the Company are fair and reasonable.

May 21, 2015

Audit & Supervisory Board Daido Metal Co., Ltd.

Full-time Audit & Supervisory Board Member	Masaaki Tamaya	Seal
Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member	Kuniko Tanabe	Seal
Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member	Kazuo Matsuda	Seal

Reference Materials for the Annual Shareholders' Meeting

Agendas and Matters for Reference Agenda No. 1 Disposition of Surplus

For the current fiscal year, the Company proposes to make the following disposition of surplus:

The Company's basic policy is to return appropriate profits to our shareholders in consideration of the results of operations and payout ratio, and to maintain a stable and long-lasting level of dividend of surplus in overall consideration of the internal reserve funds for future business development, expansion of research and development, reinforcement of business base and changes on business environment.

In comprehensive consideration of all the factors including the consolidated performance for the full year based on the above basic policy, the year-end dividend would be 10 yen per share for the current fiscal year.

As a result, the annual dividend, including the interim dividend of 10 yen per share (actual), would be 20 yen per share.

To attain sufficient internal reserves necessary for reinforcing the business base to provide for future business development and changes in business environment, the Company proposes to reverse retained earnings carried forward and to accumulate general reserve as stated below.

- 1. Items regarding the year-end dividend
 - (1) Type of dividend property

(2) Items related to allocation of dividend property to shareholders and the total amount

10 yen per ordinary share of the Company 398,173,410 yen

Total amount:

(3) Date when dividends from surplus become effective

June 29, 2015

- 2. Other items regarding disposition of surplus
 - (1) Item and amount of surplus that increases

General reserve 2,000,000,000 yen

(2) Item and amount of surplus that decreases

Retained earnings carried forward 2,000,000,000 yen

Agenda No. 2 Partial Amendments to the Articles of Incorporation

1. Purpose of Amendments to the Articles of Incorporation

As the scope of persons with whom a company may enter into a liability limitation agreement was expanded under the Act for Partial Revision of the Companies Act, the Company proposes to amend its Articles of Incorporation, adding Article 31, paragraph 2 and making a necessary change to Article 40, paragraph 2, in order to develop a system that allows the Company to invite and secure capable human resources as non-executive Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members within and outside the Company.

All of the Audit & Supervisory Board Members have approved that the Company will propose the new provision of Article 31, paragraph 2 of the Articles of Incorporation at this Shareholders' Meeting. Regarding a liability limitation agreement with a non-executive Director, it has been confirmed at the Board of Directors of the Company that the Company may enter into such agreement only if the collection of internal information of the Company by a non-executive Director is limited as in the case that said Director is an Outside Director or a part-time Director.

2. Details of the Amendments

The details of the amendments are as follows:

(The underlined parts indicate the amendments.)

Existing Articles of Incorporation	Proposed amendments
(Exemption from Liability of Directors)	(Exemption from Liability of Directors)
Article 31 (Omitted)	Article 31 (Unchanged)
(New provision)	2. The Company may enter into an agreement with a non-executive Director to the effect that the liability of said non-executive Director as set forth in Article 423, paragraph 1 of the Companies Act shall be limited to the amount stipulated by laws and regulations if he/she acts in good faith and without gross negligence.
(Exemption from Liability of Audit & Supervisory Board Members)	(Exemption from Liability of Audit & Supervisory Board Members)
Article 40 (Omitted)	Article 40 (Unchanged)
2. The Company may enter into an agreement with an Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member to the effect that the liability of said Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member as set forth in Article 423, paragraph 1 of the Companies Act shall be limited to the amount stipulated by laws and regulations if he/she acts in good faith and without gross negligence.	2. The Company may enter into an agreement with an Audit & Supervisory Board Member to the effect that the liability of said Audit & Supervisory Board Member as set forth in Article 423, paragraph 1 of the Companies Act shall be limited to the amount stipulated by laws and regulations if he/she acts in good faith and without gross negligence.

Agenda No. 3 Election of Six Directors

The terms of office for all five Directors expire at the close of this Shareholders' Meeting. The company believes that it should increase the number of Directors from five to six by newly appointing one Outside Director to ensure the transparency of management and further enhance corporate governance. We therefore propose the election of six Directors.

The candidates for the position of Director are as follows:

	1	. r	of Breetor are as follows.	1
Candidate No.	Name (Date of birth)		Personal history, positions at the Company, and important positions at other corporations	Number of shares of the Company held by the candidate
(1)	Seigo Hanji (January 2, 1942)	April, 1980 April, 1991 April, 1993 June, 1993 April, 1994 June, 1995 June, 2005 June, 2007 May, 2008 June, 2010 Important properties of the properties of t	Joined the Company General Manger of Tokyo Sales Office, Sales HQ of the Company General Manager of Management Planning Department, Management Planning Office of the Company Deputy General Manager of Business Division No. 3 of the Company Director and Deputy General Manager of Business Division No. 3 of the Company Director and General Manager of Business Division No. 1 of the Company President of the Company President of the Company President & CEO of the Company Chairman & CEO of the Company (to present) HQ Executive/Vice Chairman of Japan Auto Parts Industries Association and Branch Manager of Chubu Branch of the same Association (to present) Outside Director of Nichirei Co., Ltd. (to present) oositions at other corporations] ve/Vice Chairman of Japan Auto Parts Industries and Branch Manager of Chubu Branch of the same ector of Nichirei Co., Ltd.	138,326 shares

Candidate No.	Name (Date of birth)		Personal history, positions at the Company, and important positions at other corporations	Number of shares of the Company held by the candidate
(2)	Kotaro Kashiyama (March 28, 1947)	April, 1971 April, 1993 April, 1994 April, 1996 April, 1996 April, 2000 June, 2003 April, 2005 July, 2005 July, 2007 July, 2007 June, 2009 June, 2010 April, 2011 April, 2011	Joined the Company General Manager of Product Planning Department, Production Engineering Laboratory of the Company Manager of Maehara Plant of the Company Deputy General Manager of Business Division No. 2, and Manager of Maehara Plant of the Company Head of Heavywall Bearings, RPB, Heavy Industrial Bearings, Fluid Systems & New Products Division of the Company Head of Polymer Bearings Division of the Company Director and Head of Polymer Bearings Division of the Company Director and Head of Thinwall Bearings & Turbo Charging Bearings Division of the Company Director and Executive Officer, and Head of Thinwall Bearings & Turbo Charging Bearings Division of the Company Managing Director and Executive Officer, and Head of Thinwall Bearings & Turbo Charging Bearings Division of the Company Managing Director and Senior Executive Officer, and Head of Thinwall Bearings & Turbo Charging Bearings Division of the Company Managing Director and General Manager of Strategy Development Division of the Company Senior Managing Director and Senior Executive Officer, and General Manager of Strategy Development Division of the Company Chairman & COO of Daido Plain Bearings Co., Ltd. Senior Managing Director and Senior Executive Officer, and General Manager of Global Strategy Division and Head of Technology Unit of the Company Chairman & COO of Daido Plain Bearings Co., Ltd. President & Chief Operating Officer (COO) of the Company Head of Global Strategy Division and Technology Division President & Chief Operating Officer (COO) of the Company (to present)	70,199 shares

				Number of
Candidate	Name		Personal history, positions at the	shares of the
No.	(Date of birth)		Company, and important positions	Company held
	, i		at other corporations	by the candidate
(3)	Toshiyuki Sasaki (December 7, 1950)	April, 1974 April, 1997 March, 2001 June, 2002 October, 2003 April, 2004 April, 2005 June, 2005 June, 2007 April, 2008 July, 2009 October, 2009 April, 2010 June, 2011 April, 2012 April, 2015	Joined the Company General Manager of Overseas Planning Department, Corporate Planning Division of the Company General Manager of Corporate Planning Department, Corporate Planning Division of the Company Director and General Manager of Corporate Planning Department, Corporate Planning Division of the Company Director and Executive Officer, and General Manager of Corporate Planning Department, Corporate Planning Division of the Company Director and Executive Officer, and General Manager of Corporate Planning Division of the Company Director and Executive Officer, and Head of Corporate Planning Division of the Company Director and Senior Executive Officer, and Head of Corporate Planning Division of the Company Director and Senior Executive Officer, and Head and General Manager of Corporate Planning Department of Corporate Planning Division of the Company	57,321 shares
(4)	Yasuo Kawamura (December 13, 1949)	April, 1973 April, 1999 July, 2005 April, 2006 July, 2008 April, 2010 April, 2011 June, 2011 April 2015	Joined the Company General Manager of Tokyo Branch of the Company Executive Officer and General Manager of Tokyo Branch of the Company Vice-Head of Thinwall Bearings & Turbo Charging Bearings Division of the Company Senior Executive Officer of the Company Director-President of Dyna Metal Co., Ltd. (Thailand) Senior Executive Officer and Head of Sales Division of the Company Senior Executive Officer and Head of Polymer Bearings Division of the Company Director and Senior Executive Officer, and Head of Polymer Bearings Division of the Company Director and Senior Executive Officer, and Head of Thinwall Bearings & Turbo Charging Bearings Division of the Company (to present)	22,582 shares

Candidate No.	Name (Date of birth)		Personal history, positions at the Company, and important positions at other corporations	Number of shares of the Company held by the candidate
(5)	Masaki Ikawa (December 12, 1950)	April, 1973 April, 2001 September, 2005 July, 2008 October, 2009 April, 2010 April, 2011 July, 2011 March, 2012 April, 2012 April, 2012	Joined the Company General Manager of Overseas Sales and Concerned Office of Company No. 1 of the Company President of Daido Metal U.S.A. Inc. Bellefontaine H.Q. Executive Officer of the Company President of Daido Metal U.S.A. Inc. Bellefontaine H.Q. Executive Officer and General Manager of Corporate Planning Department, Corporate Planning Unit of the Company Executive Officer and General Manager of Bimetal Division of the Company Executive Officer and General Manager of Quality Management & Planning Department of the Company Senior Executive Officer, General Manager of Quality Management & Planning Department and General Manager of Inuyama Site of the Company Senior Executive Officer, General Manager of Quality Management & Planning Department, President of Daido Metal College and General Manager of Inuyama Site of the Company Senior Executive Officer, General Manager of Inuyama Site of the Company Senior Executive Officer, General Manager of Human Resources Planning Department, President of Daido Metal College and General Manager of Inuyama Site of the Company Director and Senior Executive Officer, Head of Human Resources Planning Division, Head of Daido Metal College and Head of Inuyama Site of the Company Director and Senior Executive Officer, Head of Human Resources Planning Division and Head of Daido Metal College of the Company (to present)	22,788 shares
*(6)	Toshikazu Takei (September 22, 1953)	July, 2003 July, 2005 July, 2006 June, 2008 July, 2008 October, 2012	Joined the Bank of Japan Director of Nagoya Branch of the Bank of Japan Director of Secretary Office and Secretariat of the Policy Board of the Bank of Japan Deputy General Manager for Europe of the Bank of Japan Director of Diet Liaison Division, Secretariat of the Policy Board of the Bank of Japan General Manager of Matsuyama Branch of the Bank of Japan Director-General, Senior Secretary to the Governor, Secretariat of the Bank of Japan Advisor to the Governor for Parliamentary Affairs and Public Relations, Secretariat of the policy Board General Manager of Nagoya Branch of the Bank of Japan Chief Representative in Europe of the Bank of Japan (stationed in London) Retired from the Bank of Japan Senior Executive Advisor of Accenture Managing Director of Japan Center for International Finance (to present)	0 share

(Notes)

- 1. * indicates a new candidate.
- 2. There are no special conflicts of interest between each candidate and the Company.
- 3. As for each candidate's position in charge, please refer to "4. Matters Relating to Company Officers, (1) Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members" on pages 14-
- 4. Mr. Toshikazu Takei is a candidate for an Outside Director.
- 5. Mr. Toshikazu Takei was long engaged in business execution and served managerial positions at the Bank of Japan. We expect that he will oversee and supervise the management of the Company with his familiarity with international businesses and based on his rich experience and broad insights. We therefore propose the election of Mr. Takei as an Outside Director. Although he has no experience of engaging in the management of a company, we judge for the reason above that he is able to appropriately oversee and supervise the management of the Company as an Outside Director.
- 6. The Company will enter into a liability limitation agreement with Mr. Toshikazu Takei if he is elected as an Outside Director and he assumes office, subject to approval of the agenda No. 2 as proposed.

The outline of the agreement is as follow:

- When a non-executive Director is liable to compensate the Company for damages due to his/her negligence of duties, he/she assumes such liability up to the amount stipulated by laws and regulations (the minimum liability amount stipulated in Article 425, paragraph 1 of the Companies Act).
- The above liability limitation is allowed only when the relevant non-executive Director acts in good faith and without gross negligence with respect to the liability as set forth in Article 423, paragraph 1 of the Companies Act.

 Mr. Toshikazu Takei is scheduled to be registered as an "Independent Officer" pursuant to the provisions of the Tokyo Stock Exchange, Inc. and Nagoya Stock Exchange,
- Inc. if he is elected as an Outside Director and he assumes office.

Agenda No. 4 Election of Three Audit & Supervisory Board Members

The terms of office for three Audit & Supervisory Board Members, Messrs. Masaaki Tamaya, Kuniko Tanabe and Kazuo Matsuda, expire at the close of this Shareholders' Meeting. We therefore propose the election of three Audit & Supervisory Board Members. We already received the approval of this agenda from the Audit & Supervisory Board.

The candidates for the position of Audit & Supervisory Board Member are as follows:

		ne position of the	dult & Supervisory Board Member are as	Number of	
Candidate	Name		Personal history, positions at the	shares of the	
No.	(Date of birth)	C	Company, and important positions at other corporations	Company held	
		April, 1965 Joined the Company		by the candidate	
			-Head of Thinwall Bearings & Turbo Charging		
		Beari	ings Division of the Company		
	Masaaki Tamaya (February 4, 1947)		eral Manager of General Affairs Department of the	19,155 shares	
			pany autive Officer and General Manager of General		
(1)			irs Department of the Company		
(1)		• /	or Executive Officer and General Manager of		
			eral Affairs Department of the Company or Executive Officer assistant to President of the		
		Com	pany		
			time Audit & Supervisory Board Member of the pany (to present)		
		Com	pany (to present)		
			stered as a lawyer (registered with Dai-Ichi Tokyo		
			Association) ed Sakaki Tadatsune Law Office (to January 1982)		
			ed Tanabe & Partners (to present)		
		1982			
			it & Supervisory Board Member of the Company resent)		
			ide Auditor of Disco Corporation (to present)		
(2)	Kuniko Tanabe	,	ide Director of KDDI CORPORATION	24,074 shares	
	(April 1, 1945)	(scne	eduled)	ŕ	
		[Important position	s at other corporations]		
		Partner, Lawyer of T			
		office on June 17, 20	XDDI CORPORATION (scheduled to assume 015)		
			Disco Corporation (scheduled to retire on June 23,		
		2015)			
		April, 1971 Joine	ed The Fuji Bank, Limited		
			ctor and General Manager of Capital Markets		
			sion of Fuji Securities Co., Ltd. aging Director and General Manager of Capital		
			xets Division of Fuji Securities Co., Ltd.		
			or Managing Director of Fuji Securities Co., Ltd.		
			eral Manager of Kabutocho Branch of The Fuji		
			or Managing Executive Officer in charge of		
			tal Markets Division of Fuji Securities Co., Ltd. aging Executive Officer and General Manager of		
			tal Markets Group of Mizuho Securities Co., Ltd.		
			inistration Officer of Mizuho Securities Co., Ltd.		
		2002 May, 2003 Adm	inistration Officer of NSK Ltd.		
			nded to NSK-Warner K.K.		
		*	ctor of NSK-Warner K.K. President of NSK Ltd.		
			aging Director of NSK-Warner K.K.		
			or Vice President, Head of Business Planning		
(3)			sion HQ and Head of Compliance Division HQ of Ltd.	5,060 shares	
		September, Presi	ident of NSK (China) Investment Co., Ltd.		
		2007 June, 2008 Exec	eutive Vice President, Head of Corporate Strategy		
		Divis	sion HQ, Head of Business Planning Division HQ		
			Head of Compliance Division HQ of NSK Ltd. resentative Executive Officer and Executive Vice		
			ident, Head of Corporate Strategy Division HQ and		
		Head	of Business Planning Division HQ of NSK Ltd.		
			rial Advisor of NSK Ltd. (to present) orate Auditor of NSK-Warner K.K. (to present)		
		Outs	ide Audit & Supervisory Board Member of the		
			pany (to present) ide Corporate Auditor of Sumitomo Bakelite		
			pany Limited (scheduled)		
		(Tunnantors	o at other compositions		
		Important position Special Advisor of N	ss at other corporations] ISK Ltd.		
		Corporate Auditor of	f NSK-Warner K.K.		
			Auditor of Sumitomo Bakelite Company Limited e office on June 25, 2015)		
		(
(Notes) 1	TI	1 0:	et hetween each candidate and the Company		

⁽Notes) 1. There are no special conflicts of interest between each candidate and the Company.

2. Ms. Kuniko Tanabe and Mr. Kazuo Matsuda are both candidates for Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members.

3. Mr. Kazuo Matsuda is scheduled to be registered as an "Independent Officer" pursuant to the provisions of the Tokyo Stock Exchange, Inc. and Nagoya Stock Exchange, Inc. if he is reelected as an Audit & Supervisory Board Member.

4. Reason for appointment as candidates for the position of Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member and liability limitation agreement

- (1) Reason for appointment as candidates for the position of Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member
 - i) Although Ms. Kuniko Tanabe has no experience of engaging in the management of a company, she is familiar with corporate legal affairs as a lawyer and has rich insights on governance of corporate management. Accordingly, we judge that she is capable of conducting audit from a viewpoint of compliance with laws and regulations and is able to continue to appropriately perform the duties as an Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member.
 - She has taken office as an Audit & Supervisory Board Member of the Company for twelve years at the close of this Annual Shareholders' Meeting.
 - ii) Mr. Kazuo Matsuda has rich insights on governance of the overall management of a company as he is familiar with finance and international businesses through his experience at financial institutions for many years and has experiences and knowledge which he gained through serving as a director and an executive officer for other business entities. Accordingly, we judge that he is able to appropriately perform the duties as an Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member. He has taken office as an Audit & Supervisory Board Member of the Company for four years at the close of this Annual Shareholders' Meeting.
- (2) Liability limitation agreement

The Company will enter into a liability limitation agreement with Mr. Masaaki Tamaya if he is elected as an Audit & Supervisory Board Member and he assumes office, subject to approval of the agenda No. 2 as proposed.

The Company has entered into liability limitation agreements with Ms. Kuniko Tanabe and Mr. Kazuo Matsuda. The Company plans to continue such liability limitation agreements with them.

The outline of the liability limitation agreements is as follows:

- When an Audit & Supervisory Board Member is liable to compensate the Company for damages due to his/her negligence of duties, he/she assumes such liability
 up to the amount stipulated by laws and regulations (the minimum liability amount stipulated in Article 425, paragraph 1 of the Companies Act).
- The above liability limitation is allowed only when the relevant Audit & Supervisory Board Member acts in good faith and without gross negligence with respect to the liability as set forth in Article 423, paragraph 1 of the Companies Act.
- 5. Mr. Kazuo Matsuda served as a director for NSK Ltd. from June 2009 through June 2011. NSK Ltd. was alleged to violate the Antimonopoly Act in connection with its trade of bearing products and was subject to an on-site inspection by the Japan Fair Trade Commission (JFTC) in July 2011. The Tokyo District Court ruled in February 2013 that the company was punishable by a fine. The company received a cease and desist order and a surcharge payment order by the JFTC in March 2013. In addition, NSK Ltd. and its subsidiaries have been investigated by the relevant authorities of several countries in connection with the competition laws. The company agreed with the U.S. Department of Justice in September 2013 on a plea bargain to the effect that the company would pay a fine. The company subsequently was subject to decisions of fine payment etc. by the courts and relevant authorities in Canada in Japanyary 2014; in Furone in March 2014; in Australia and Singapore in May 2014; and in

decisions of fine payment, etc. by the courts and relevant authorities: in Canada in January 2014; in Europe in March 2014; in Australia and Singapore in May 2014; and China in August 2014. Furthermore, the Korea Fair Trade Commission decided in November 2014 that the company violated the Korean Antimonopoly Law, and the JFTC decided in September 2014 that a subsidiary of NSK Ltd., Amatsuji Steel Ball Mfg. Co., Ltd., violated the Antimonopoly Act. In both the latter two cases, the fine payment was waivered due to the full cooperation of the companies in the investigations by the authorities.

Administrative actions issued by the relevant authorities and rulings by the courts in Japan, the U.S., Canada, Europe, Australia, Singapore, Korea and China were concerned with the business operations of NSK Ltd. during Mr. Matsuda's term of the office of director. There is a possibility that the ongoing investigations by the relevant authorities are concerned with the business operations of NSK Ltd. during Mr. Matsuda's term of the office of director.

Agenda No. 5 Election of One Substitute Audit & Supervisory Board Member

We propose to elect one substitute Audit & Supervisory Board Member in advance, just in case we lack the number of Audit & Supervisory Board Members stipulated in laws and regulations. The effect of this resolution shall last until the commencement of the next Annual Shareholders' Meeting.

We already received the approval of this agenda from the Audit & Supervisory Board.

The candidate for the positions of substitute Audit & Supervisory Board Member is as follows:

Name		Personal history, positions at the	Number of shares of
	Company, and important positions		the Company held
(Date of birth)		at other corporations	by the candidate
Nobuyuki Ishiwata (July 12, 1945)	Representativ Representativ	Joined Tohmatsu Aoki Audit Corporation (now Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu LLC) Registered as a certified public accountant Registered as a licensed tax accountant Left Tohmatsu Aoki Audit Corporation (now Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu LLC) Opened CPA Nobuyuki Ishiwata accounting firm Established Seishin & Co. Audit Corporation and assumed the post of Representative Partner (to present) Outside auditor of Adecco Ltd. (to present) Established Seishin & Co. Tax Corporation and assumed the post of Representative Partner (to present) ositions at other corporations] we Partner of Seishin & Co. Audit Corporation we Partner of Seishin & Co. Tax Corporation tor of Adecco Ltd.	0 share

- (Notes) 1. There are no special conflicts of interest between the candidate and the Company.
 - 2. Mr. Nobuyuki Ishiwata, candidate for a substitute Audit & Supervisory Board Member, is a candidate for an Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member.
 - Reason for appointment as candidate for the position of substitute Audit & Supervisory Board Member, and reason for judging that the candidate is able to adequately
 perform the duties as an Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member
 - (1) Reason for appointment as candidate for the position of substitute Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member
 - Mr. Nobuyuki Ishiwata has rich accounting and taxation knowledge gained from his experience as a certified public accountant and a licensed tax accountant. We expect that he will reflect such knowledge in the audit of the Company if he assumes the office of Audit & Supervisory Board Member.

 (2) Reason for judging that the candidate is able to adequately perform the duties as an Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member
 - (2) Reason for judging that the candidate is able to adequately perform the duties as an Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member Although Mr. Nobuyuki Ishiwata has no experience of engaging in the management of a company, he has been engaging in the practical business of entities as a certified public accountant and a licensed tax accountant, and we judge that he is able to appropriately perform the duties as an Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member.
 - 4. Liability limitation agreement
 - The Company will enter into a liability limitation agreement with Mr. Nobuyuki Ishiwata if he is elected as Audit & Supervisory Board Member and he assumes office. The outline of the agreement is as follows:
 - When an Audit & Supervisory Board Member is liable to compensate the Company for damages due to his/her negligence of duties, he/she assumes such liability up to
 the amount stipulated by laws and regulations (the minimum liability amount stipulated in Article 425, paragraph 1 of the Companies Act).
 - The above liability limitation is allowed only when the relevant Audit & Supervisory Board Member acts in good faith and without gross negligence with respect to the liability as set forth in Article 423, paragraph 1 of the Companies Act.

Agenda No. 6 Payment of Bonuses to Directors

The Company requests approval for the payment of bonuses, amounting to 147 million yen to the five Directors at the end of this fiscal year based on the specified standard of the Company in duly consideration of business performance, etc. during the fiscal year. (Please refer to page 17 in this Notice.)

It is also proposed that the decisions as to the amounts of the bonus paid to each Director are delegated to the Board of Directors.

End of document

Information Map of Venue of Shareholders' Meeting

Venue 4-2, Marunouchi 2-chome, Naka-ku, Nagoya

5th Floor Grand Hall of Nagoya Bankers Association

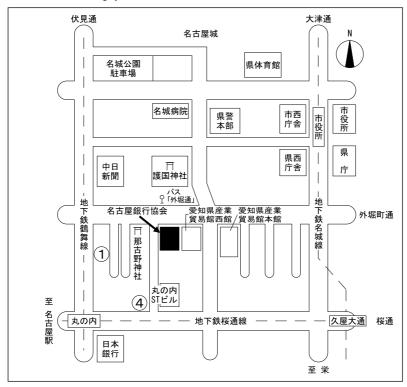
Transportation

• Subway 6-minute walk from Nos. ① and ④ exits of "Marunouchi

Station" on Sakuradori Line/Tsurumai Line

• City bus
Use a second by getting off at "Sotoboridori" coming from the

Nagoya Bus Terminal



- The reception is scheduled to open at 9 a.m. on the day.
- $\ensuremath{\bullet}$ Since parking spaces are not made available, please refrain from coming by car.

